THE ANTIOCH NE

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republic

Vol. XIV, No. 18. Antioch, Illinois, Thursday, January 3, 1901.

Hill's Dep't Drug Store.

contains a fine assortment of the following:

DRUGS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
COLD REMEDIES,
HAND LOTIONS,
CIGARS, TOBACCOS,
TOYS,
CHINAWARE,
GRANITEWARE.

Pure DRUGS a Specialty.

WALL PAPER,
PAINTS, OILS,
BRUSHES,
BOOKS,
SCHOOL BOOKS and SUPPLIES
NEW STATIONERY,
FRESH CANDY

PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT

Why Not

START the New Year right by balancing your accounts, or at least call and see what your account is? We are in need of the money.

WEBB BROS.

Happy New Year

1901

Wishing you all a Prosperous New Year, and thanking you for patronage in the past, I hope to merit a share of same during the coming year. My stock is complete, my prices are right, and I ask you to call and see me when in need of furniture, carpets

J. C. JAMES, jr.,
Antioch, Illinois.

BARKER LUMBER COMPANY,
ANTIOCH, ILL.

Lumber, Lime, Salt, Cement, Brick, Tile, Hard and Soft Coal, Plate Glass, Building and Carpet Paper, Fire Brick, Etc.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

[illegible], Manager.

THE ANTIOCH POULTRY SHOW.

An Unprecedented Success—Good Exhibits; Good Attendance.

The entries were liberal and brought out a surprisingly large number of fine birds from this and neighboring counties. Judge Shaner said the crowd of visitors was not equalled at many of the small cities. The best class of people came to see the show and the farmers seemed to have turned out almost to a man to buy or sell, or learn something about keeping pure bred poultry. Everything passed off in perfect order, and the judge seemed to have won even the most skeptical on the score card. Mrs. G. S. Walker's collection of pigeons was one of the principal attractions. The fan tails in pink satin-lined cages receiving especial attention. W. E. Hoyt's exhibit of Belgian hares received their share of the curious glances. Largest number of entries of any one breed of birds was in the Barred Plymouth Rocks, Mr. Maxham, of Diamond Lake, winning the special prize of a sterling silver pen-holder in case, given by Mrs. Walker, for the best Barred Plymouth Rock pullet, also the special cash prize of Five Dollars, hung up by the Secretary. In addition to the prize winners Mr. Maxham had a large display of Plymouth Rocks which he entered for exhibition purposes, embracing some of the finest fowl ever raised in this section of country. Mr. Cleveland, of Fox Lake, Mr. Powles, of Grayslake, and Mr. Armstrong, of Grass Lake, had very fine exhibits and are deserving of especial mention. Mr. Worth, of Wheatland, Wis., had a fine exhibit of Buff Plymouth Rocks and Buff Orpingtons, one of his Plymouth Rock Cockerels being an imported bird valued at $100.00. Among local exhibitors whose fowl attracted considerable attention and favorable comment were R. D. Emmons, VanPatten Brothers, E. C. Sabin, J. J. Morley, Lela and Lila Herman, and several others, whose name your scribe did not learn. Taken as a whole, the first poultry show of the Antioch Poultry Association was a great success and done much to establish the fact that Antioch and vicinity need not be ashamed as breeders of choice fowl.

SELLS DISEASED MEAT.

Cattle Dealer in Lake County Sends Bad Carcass to Chicago.

A prominent cattle dealer of Lake county, whose name the states attorney of that county refuses to divulge, is, it appears, likely to be made the subject of a criminal prosecution for sending into Chicago for sale the cascass of a diseased steer. The dealer shipped the carcass to Philip Jaeger, a wholesale meat dealer at No. 8 Fulton street, and Secretary Pritchard of the local board of health said that it is possible proceedings may be begun against the Chicago man.

"This Lake county shipper, I understand, is in the habit of killing an animal when it shows sings of being diseased, and sending the remains to Chicago. One such animal was sent here last week," Secretary Pritchard said.

S. Delano Talcott, state's attorney for Lake county, advised state's attorney Deneen of the fact, and Mr. Deneen notified the heath department. We sent an inspector to Jaeger's place and secured the carcass. It was in a dreadful state of emaciation. We got as witnesses the men who had dressed the animal's body, thus fixing the identity of the Lake county man. Then the stuff was sent to the rendering works.

Preacher Wants No Discounts.

Rev. Mr. Arthur Creasy of Oswego, Kan., said in a recent sermon: "The world's need is Christian manliness. Knowing this I shall no longer ride on railroads for half fare; what is good enough for you is good enough for me. Please do not discount goods to me because I am a preacher. I ought to pay my taxes, and my church should not be exempt. Christ did not borrow, beg, beseech His bread; He bought it like other men. If I am His follower I will pay my way as He did. Dear friends, for four long years your hearty support and the prompt kindness of your treasurer have enabled me to do business on a cash basis. I fear none; but stand in the power of my manhood alone."

Novel Roof Gardens.

On any hot summer night in New York city a population of several hundred thousand men, women and children are to be found, with considerable part of their household belongings, crowded together on the roofs of their tenement houses. The tenement roof garden, as it has been called, offers for most of these people their only chance of relief from the dark, overheated rooms below. Looking down upon these roofs from some skyscraper or other high altitude the lighted [illegible] suggests a city of the far east, even [illegible] tables are brought [illegible] below, and scanty dinners [illegible] under the broad sky.

[illegible] and not quantity makes De[illegible] Early Risers such valuable [illegible] T. Hill, Antioch.

The Antioch Bargain House.

wishes You the Compliments of the Season,

and in order to lighten the "burden of care" and help you to spend a Merry Christmas

we quote a Few BARGAINS!

Groceries, Provisions

Salt Pork, per pound,	7c
Swift's Silver Leaf Lard, pound,	9c
Pickles, per gallon,	19c
Cornstarch, per package,	3c
Yeast Foam, per package,	3c
Magic Yeast, per package,	3c
4-Crown Raisins, worth 12c, only	8c
Seedless Raisins, package,	10c
Arm & Hammer Soda, 1lb package,	5c
Quaker Oats	8c
A good Broom for	15c
Hickory Axe Handles, worth 25c,	10c
Don't miss the AAAA Coffee for Its a Bargain	12½c

Dry Goods, Clothing

Heavy Fleeced-lined Men's Underwear worth 50 cents, only	39c
Boy's Reefers, worth $2.50	at $1.75
Boy's Suits for	1.75
Men's Overcoats, very latest styles, actual value 14.00,	only 9.00
Men's Suits, highest grade goods in the market, worth from $12 to 15, per suit,	9.00
Men's, Sweet, Orr & Co.'s ex. heavy woolen pants, worth 2.50, only	1.90
Crash Toweling, per yard only	3 1-2c

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE

A Fine Stock of Crockery and Glassware, suitable for a Christmas Present.

Bargains in SHOES

Men's Felt Shoes (a snap)	$1.65
Ladies' Felt Shoes	1.40

Full line Rubbers, Arctic, Felts German Sox and all kinds of Foot-wear.

FURNISHINGS

Our stock in Ladies' and Gent's Furnising Goods is increasing. Nice line for presents.

COHN & LEVIN,
WILTON BLOCK, ANTIOCH, ILL.
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

Communicating from a Balloon.

A new method has been discovered whereby balloonists may communicate while at an altitude of over 6,000 feet with those on the ground. The method consists of a huge drum placed some fifty feet below the car which is beaten by electricity. The dots and dashes of the Morse telegraphic code have been adopted with complete success. This will prove a great advantage in warfare. Hitherto balloons have been limited to an ascension of 1,000 to 1,500 feet, on account of their telegraphic wires, and have thus been unable to escape the range of fire.

Englishman's Indifference to History.

A story is told about an English actor once traveling through a beautiful country in the vicinity of Lookout Mountain, and the rest of the company were occupied in admiring the scenery. Mr. Englishman had provided himself with a magazine, and had read industriously ever since entering the train. At last they came to a spot of more than historic interest, and prodding up the Englishman, they exclaimed: "Why, look here, man. A great battle was fought here." He looked out lazily. "Where?" he said. "Why, right out there." The Englishman surveyed the mountain scenery a moment in disgust. "What a silly place to have a battle," he said, and went on reading.

Illinois Central R. R.

OF INTEREST TO

STOCKHOLDERS

Free Transportation to Attend the Special Meeting at Chicago.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Public notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Saturday, January 26, *1901, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.*

To permit personal attendance at this meeting there will be issued, to each holder of one or more shares of the Capital Stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, as registered on the books of the Company, a ticket enabling him, or her, to travel free over the Company's Lines from the station on the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his or her registered address to Chicago and return, such ticket to be good for the journey to Chicago only during the four days immediately preceding, and the day of the meeting, and for the return journey from Chicago only on the day of the meeting, and the four days immediately following, when properly countersigned and stamped during business hours—that is to say, between 9:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m.—in the office of the Assistant Secretary, Mr. W. C. Bruen, in Chicago. Such ticket may be obtained by any registered holder of stock on application in writing, to the President of the Company in Chicago. Each application must state the full name and address of the Stockholder exactly as given in his or her Certificate of Stock, together with the number and date of such Certificate. No more than one person will be carrried free in respect to any one holding of stock as registered on the books of the Company.

For the purpose of this meeting the Stock Transfer Books will be closed at three o'clock p. m. on Thursday, December 20, 1900, and remain closed until the morning of Monday, January 7, 1901.

A. G. HACKSTAFF,
Secretary.

Are We Here Yet?
Indeed We Are!

And We Promise You We Are Here to Stay!

But we cannot promise you $2.00 worth of goods for $1.00 in money. We will give you just as good goods as you can get anywhere for your dollar. Embalming done by the latest methods. Calls answered day or night. Lady assistant.

J. H. HUGHES & CO., Undertakers,
ANTIOCH and LAKE VILLA.

As the Ladies of Antioch

And surrounding country have all been made beautiful through wearing our F. C. and Cresco Corsets: we will now give them a short season of rest and try to impress upon our fellow man the importance of

Wearing Good Underwear.

In this line we have the Celebrated "Staley" which needs no comment by us suffice to say our prices defy competition, and the goods speak for themselves No trouble to show them. We aim to Please You.

HOYT & VICKERS

Christmas -PHOTOS

Now is the time to sit for a
CHRISTMAS PHOTO

Bring in Your Pictures and
HAVE THEM FRAMED NOW.

Special prices on
ENLARG'D PICTURES
until after the Holidays.

PHOTO BUTTONS
of all sizes.

BESWICK

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Louisville & Nashville Railroad, THE GREAT CENTRAL SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE

WINTER TOURIST TICKETS

Now on sale to

Florida

and the

GULF COAST

Write for folders, descriptive matter, etc., to

C. L. STONE,
General Passenger Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

SEND YOUR ADDRESS
to
R. J. WEMYSS,
General Immigration and Industrial Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

And he will mail you, free,

MAPS, ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLETS and PRICE LISTS of LANDS and FARMS in

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi and Florida.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver and collect in Illinois for old established manufacturing wholesale house, $900 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 2w16

The Academy of Northwestern University. Seventeen teachers, all college graduates. Fits for any college. Twelve miles from Chicago. Campus touches Lake Michigan. New and well equipped building. Fall term begins September 26. Students from 27 states and six foreign countries. Rates low. Some peculiar advantages. Send for new illustrated catalogue.

HERBERT F. FISK, D.D., Principal, Evanston, Ill.

The [illegible] News and [illegible] Weekly [illegible]
[illegible] Year For Both Papers, Cash [illegible]

[illegible] hler at S[illegible] icago, who [illegible] ercy recently [illegible] ait extended [illegible] e his business.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

The failure of the well-known banking firm of Francisco Martinez Negrete & Sons of Guadalajara has created a sensation in Mexico City, where the firm has for many years been identified with its business developments. The liabilities are $2,300,000.

A mild sensation has been caused in New Westminster, B. C., by the discovery of $12.50 in coarse gold as big as flaxseed in the crop of a wild goose, which was killed at Pitt Lake. Many prospectors have started for the scene of the supposed gold placers.

A franchise was granted by the county commissioners at Columbus, Ohio, to the Columbus, Winchester and Lancaster Traction Company, which will build an electric road from Columbus to Lancaster, paralleling the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo Railroad.

With the dawning of the new century Canada saw an end put to the lotteries which have disgraced the country for several years. By a law passed at the last session of parliament these lotteries were made illegal, and the new law went in force on Jan. 1, 1901.

Fire at North Amherst, Ohio, caused about $25,000 damage. The following are the losses: H. A. Plato, dry goods, $12,000; William Boardman, groceries and crockery, $4,000; H. Goardman, saloon, $2,000; John Brown, harness, $1,000; Methodist Church, $3,000.

Gotlieb Stacker and his family, moving from Stillwater, O. T., to Roger Mills County, Kansas, were caught while asleep in their wagon in a prairie fire. A 17-months-old baby was roasted to death and a boy, a young woman and the mother were so badly burned they will die.

Two frightful elevator accidents occurred in Cleveland within five minutes in buildings only a short distance from each other. Sydney Hamm of London, Ont., stepped into an open shaft and fell six stories and Ralph Spellman, aged 19, fell nine stories. Both were instantly killed.

Frank Davis, Buck Chadwell, Estepp Morgan and Richard Davis fell out at a dance at Walnut Hill, near Middlesboro, Ky., and a pitched battle ensued. Fifty shots were fired. Frank Davis was killed, Morgan and Dick Davis were mortally wounded and Chadwell was slightly wounded.

A bequest of $100,000 has been placed in the hands of the directors of the New Jersey training school for feeble-minded children at Vineland, N. J., by Thomas H. Vinter, executor of the Maxham estate. The legacy will pay off all obligations and give the institution a cash balance of about $60,000.

In a letter written from the Philippines to his folks in West Superior, Wis., in November, Captain Harry W. Newton says that the encroachments of the natives were worse than they had been at any time during the year previous. As one instance of their ferocity he writes: "Just the other day they jumped a detachment of our Twenty-fourth, numbering twenty-two men, and captured sixteen of them. One was found terribly mutilated, showing signs of being skinned while yet alive."

Bradstreet's says: "A fitting close to a year of exceptional and in some respects unprecedented activity is furnished by the very general report of large holiday business in the last week. Speculation in cereals has been light and increases in supplies and large surplus reports from Argentina have still further depressed the long interest in wheat. The corn crop is the fourth largest in our history and oats is next to the largest ever known. Prices, as a rule, are steady and changes are few. Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 4,011,105 bushels, against 4,123,650 last week and 3,610,557 bushels in the corresponding week of 1900. Corn exports aggregate 3,868,105 bushels, against 5,405,578 last week, and 3,220,259 in this week a year ago. Business failures in the United States for the week number only 213, as against 202 last week and 220 in this week a year ago. Canadian failures number 15, against 28 last week and 22 in this week a year ago."

BREVITIES.

George Fuller, a negro, accused of burning a barn, was lynched by a mob near Marion, Ga.

Six-year-old Roy Gillette, son of R. A. Gillette, accidentally shot his 4-year-old sister at Nevada, Mo., with a target rifle.

Smallpox has broken out in the national soldiers' home in Leavenworth, Kan. It is believed fully 1,000 of the 3,500 in the home have been directly exposed.

Train No. 44 on the Henderson road was wrecked two miles east of Henderson, Ky., and five persons seriously injured. A coupling pin placed in a switch frog caused the wreck.

Steve Holgate, a gambler well known in Chicago and on the Pacific coast, committed suicide at Grand Forks by taking morphine. He had suffered recent reverses at the gaming table.

Gen. Botha's forces have dealt the British another serious blow in the eastern Transvaal. An entire garrison has just been completely routed at Helvetia, with the loss of 50 killed and wounded and 250 taken prisoners.

Stonewall J. De France, a noted forger, who was sent to the State's prison at Jackson, Mich., from Kalamazoo County in 1894 for eleven years for defrauding a Kalamazoo bank of several thousand dollars, has been paroled by Gov. Pingree.

Six Japanese section laborers on the Great Northern Railway were struck and killed by a freight train near Culbank, Mont.

At Buena Vista, N. C., Mrs. Jennie V. Burger seriously, if not fatally, wounded her husband, firing five times at him with a revolver. A family quarrel is supposed to have been the cause.

As the result of a dynamite explosion at Baker camp, near Durbin, W. Va., six men are dead and several others are not expected to live. Some dynamite had been placed about the stove to thaw out.

[illegible]

[illegible] Fox was married to John [illegible], New York diamond broker.

[illegible] Rockefeller, Jr., has given [illegible] for a school for the poor in New [illegible].

[illegible] Maloney, a farmer of Lenox [illegible], Pa., is dead at the age of 107 [illegible].

[illegible] L. Wilbur of Philadelphia fell from his horse and was killed in a cross-country hunt.

Mrs. Carrie S. Huntoon of Concord, N. H., has been arrested for conspiracy to have her divorced husband killed.

John Kelly, aged 13, and Willie Hull, aged 10, were drowned while skating on the Union Mills pond at Norwalk, Conn.

French swindler named Goffray, who has been posing as the "cardinal bishop of Washington," has been sent to prison.

Gov. Roosevelt of New York again has refused to honor a Texas requisition for the arrest of John D. Rockefeller and other members of the Standard Oil Company.

The International Crude Rubber Company, with an authorized capital of $30,000,000, was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., to manufacture and deal in rubber goods of all kinds.

In Pittsburg Nicholas Beloga sold his wife for $8 and his 2-year-old son for two kegs of beer. The purchaser was Antonio Abbitichn. In Italy both men were in love with the woman.

Frank Barr, 18 years of age, a boxer, was struck over the heart in a match with a local featherweight named Kelly at the Athletic Club of Philadelphia and died shortly afterward.

As a result of a trolley crash near the Broadway ferry, Brooklyn, an unknown woman was killed, and two others seriously injured, while at least half a dozen more received minor injuries.

Judge McPherson, in the United States District Court at Philadelphia, appointed John N. M. Shimer and William P. Baird & Co., operating a number of iron furnaces. The security required was $25,000.

A locomotive running wild with no cars attached plunged into a crowd gathered about the Pennsylvania Railroad station at Woodbridge, N. J., killed Miss Lulu Marsh of Rahway and injured many others.

Just as Sebastian Joos, aged 52 years, a foreman in the Quinnipiac brewery in New Haven, Conn., shut off the air valve of an immense oak beer vat the vat exploded and a piece of oak struck the foreman in the back of the head, killing him instantly.

The officials of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company are jubilant over the fact that the fire in the celebrated burning mine at Summit Hill, Pa., which started forty-two years ago, is now under control, and it is said that the next two years will see its extinguishment.

Gustave Wolf, who is supposed to have been the last member of the Bridgeport, Conn., suicide club, was found dead with a bullet in his brain in the jewelry store of Isaac Brush. Wolf was employed there for years as chief clerk. He was 51 years old and a diamond expert.

WESTERN.

In Lima, Ohio, Mrs. Freeman Reed was struck by an engine and killed.

Drunken Indian at Eufaula, I. T., killed three men and wounded two others.

British army officer is purchasing 50,000 horses in Kansas City for use in South Africa.

University of Chicago physiologists assert that salt causes the heart to beat and keeps up life.

Timothy Bahnsen, a wealthy St. Louis merchant, fell dead in the midst of joyous holiday celebration.

South Dakota Catholic clergymen are planning to erect a monument to the memory of the late Right Rev. Francis Lawler.

A. A. Meader, a well-known resident of Mabel, Minn., killed himself because his wife made him assist in doing the family washing.

At Great Falls, Mont., Jacob Werten shot and fatally wounded his son John. Werten had treated his wife badly and the son interfered to protect his mother.

An unknown highwayman held up the Hot Springs stage in the mountain near Holy Springs, Ari., and rifled the contents of a private express box. It is thought that the booty was light.

While on their way to a dance at Blakeslee, Ohio, a buggy containing Charles Cannon and Wayne Crawl, both of Montpelier, Ohio, was struck by a train. Both young men were killed.

At a children's social near Dexter, Mo., John Martin, aged 10 years, and a playmate, James Lingo, 8 years old, quarreled. Martin stabbed Lingo in the heart with a case knife, killing him instantly.

Miss Grace Howard, daughter of the New York journalist, has been married to Joseph Mesnard, manager of her big stock ranch. They will make their home forty miles west of Chamberlain, S. D.

Postoffice inspectors have been diligently, but secretly, at work probing irregularities at St. Joseph, Mo., and suspended three of the oldest clerks in the service on a charge of destroying mail matter.

Sydney Miller, the 7-year-old grandson of ex-United States Attorney General Miller, was kidnaped by his mother in Indianapolis, but was found at Lawrence, Ind., and taken back to Indianapolis.

In Los Angeles, Cal., John W. Tinsley shot and killed his wife, Anna P. Tinsley, on the street and then fired a bullet into his own head, dying instantly. Trouble over money matters caused the double tragedy.

As the result of a fire caused by the explosion of an air-tight stove, the Providence Methodist Episcopal Church (colored), at St. Joseph, Mo., was partially burned, and the pastor, Rev. J. L. Leonard, was fatally burned.

President Barrows announces that the magnificent hotel property in Lodi, Ohio, known as the Taylor Inn and valued at more than $50,000, has been deeded to Oberlin College as a gift by Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Taylor of Lodi.

An express car attached to a Minneapolis and St. Louis train was burned near Searles, Minn. The car was heavily loaded with Christmas goods, and most of its contents were destroyed. The origin of the fire is not known.

In a runaway about three miles above Ouray, Colo., the Red Mountain stage [illegible] and the [illegible] passengers were thrown [illegible] about seventy feet in height. Mrs. [illegible] Hickey, a [illegible] sustained [illegible] injuries.

J. O. [illegible] has been appointed receiver for the American Marbles Company which has been running about two months in Steubenville, Ohio. It is the only factory of the kind in the United States, the product being glass marbles.

Within thirty-six hours seven alarming assaults and highway robberies were committed in Denver. An unknown German who was beaten and robbed has a fractured skull and cannot recover. Four other persons were severely injured by footpads.

Development of iron ore deposits of Washington will be commenced next year. Iron of high grade has been known to exist for many years. High officials of the Great Northern Railway have now taken up the matter, and rich deposits have been found.

Austen T. Drew, general agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, while riding in Forest Park, St. Louis, fell from his horse, causing concussion of the brain. This in conjunction with uraemia, from which Mr. Drew had long been a sufferer, caused his death.

Louis Lombardo undertook to serenade Jose De Parlo in Brooklyn. The girl's father ordered him away, but Lombardo persisted in singing a love song. Then, while his sweetheart was at her window, Lombardo drew a revolver and shot himself. He died two hours later.

To save his own life, Arthur Albertsen, 17 years old, shot and killed his father, Samuel Albertsen, 52 years old, in Chicago. The latter, frenzied from the effects of liquor, previously had attempted to kill his wife with a stove poker in the presence of his nine children.

Some unnamed millionaire has notified the Rev. John S. Rutledge, pastor of the Glenville, Ohio, Methodist Church, that he can have unlimited credit for the relief of the poor people of Glenville. The gift is free from conditions, except that the giver's name shall not be allowed to become known.

A Texas and Pacific passenger train was partially wrecked at the Cotton Belt crossing, ten miles west of Texarkana. The engine struck a cow, jumped the track and turned over. The fireman, Ed Catterson, was crushed under the engine, dying instantly. Engineer Cubberly was badly scalded.

The dry goods house of Julius Barnes & Co. in Laporte, Ind., was entered by robbers. The silk department was looted of silks to the value of $800. The officers say that within the last year the operations of this gang of silk robbers have caused losses to Indiana merchants of nearly $25,000.

Three sons of Dick Lamberson were burned to death in their home in North Little Rock, Ark. Their father had locked them up in the room on the second story while he went to the depot. They started a fire while playing with matches and were burned to death before the firemen could rescue them.

Mystery shrouds the shooting of William H. Smythe, secretary of the Masonic grand lodge of the State of Indiana, which occurred in Mr. Smythe's office in Masonic Temple in Indianapolis. Mr. Smythe's story is that a woman did the shooting, but the police have been unable to find any trace of her.

Abraham Johnston and wife, both over 80 years old, were bound, tortured and robbed about midnight at their home, a short distance below Marietta, Ohio, on the West Virginia side. Their assailant, a gigantic negro, gained entrance to the house stealthily. After securing all the valuables he left his victims still bound.

Cleo Seitz, a boy, shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Miner at McPherson, Kan., because she was involved in a scandal with his father, Sheriff Seitz. The shooting occurred as the sheriff and woman were about to board a Santa Fe train with a Mrs. Scott, an insane patient, whom Seitz was taking to the asylum.

Miss Mary Kennedy, 55 years old, was burned to death in a fire which attacked her boarding house at 224 West Monroe street, Chicago. Her body was burned to a crisp. Firemen who attempted to save her found the door leading into the rear bedroom which she occupied, locked. They broke it down, but too late to effect a rescue.

A man named H. Green has surrendered himself to the Sacramento, Cal., police, saying that he and his brother John murdered a man named Bill Feeny at Claire station, Mich., in 1875. He says they took Feeny out, knocked him in the head, cut his throat and robbed him of $600. They then cut a hole in the ice on the lake and threw the body in.

At Perry, Ok., Joe Currey was assaulted and robbed of $75. The two men knocked at his door and when admitted said they were looking for the home of a Mr. Creighton. Currey informed them he did not know of such a party, when suddenly the two men sprang on him, choking him into insensibility. They quickly relieved him of $75 and ran from the house. After a lively chase they arrested.

SOUTHERN.

Andrew Carnegie has given $20,000 to Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, the money to be used for the erection of a new dormitory.

News has been received of the death of A. H. Pierce, the famous millionaire stockman of Pierce, Texas, best known as "Shanghai" Pierce.

City Marshal R. E. Morrison of the village of Mansfield, Texas, and O. P. and R. A. House (father and son) settled an old feud with pistols, the son being killed.

The Tutwiler Coal, Coke and Iron Company of Birmingham, Ala., has purchased from Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati the Decatur iron furnace at Decatur, Ala.

At Carl, Ky., Robert Morris shot and killed Marion Henderson, who was advancing on him with two pistols. Morris escaped. The tragedy was the result of a feud between leading families.

In Wheeling, W. Va., Samuel Woodruff, a mechanic, went home intoxicated and beat his wife brutally. His mother, Mrs. Jane Woodruff, who made her home with her son, was so prostrated by the spectacle that she died a few minutes later.

Suit was filed [illegible] Louisville [illegible] other day for the dissolution of [illegible] of Brennan & Co. (Southwestern agricultural works), the appointment of a receiver for the sale of the property and a division of the assets among the stockholders.

The national maritime congress, called by the Governor of Georgia to assemble at Brunswick Jan. 30, is receiving attention throughout the Union. The congress will be nonsectional and non-political. Its aims are to discuss and suggest methods for restoring the merchant marine of the United States to its former prestige.

FOREIGN.

Twelve men were drowned by the sinking of a Japanese government dredge.

W. D. Coleman, president of Liberia, has resigned, G. W. Gibson succeeding him.

Minister of War Andree accuses French nationalists of betraying army secrets.

Lord Curzon says 25,000 deaths from bubonic plague have occurred in Mysore since 1898.

Roumania has refused a Russian loan because of conditions undermining her independence.

Duke of Manchester's debts in England have been paid, presumably by Father-in-law Zimmerman.

Martial law has been proclaimed in the Dutch district of Beaufort West and Carnarvon, Cape Colony.

News of the massacre of 1,500 members of the reform forces in China and the beheading of twenty-seven of their leaders has been received. The engagement took place in the province of Pechili.

A squadron of yeomanry which had been following the Boers from Britstown is reported to have been entrapped. There were several casualties, it is said, and the remainder of the force was captured.

Two hundred million dollars is the maximum sum the powers demand of China as indemnity for the Boxer outrages, yet the claims to be made by natives and individuals are likely to be many times that amount.

The French troops encountered east of Chochun, between Pekin and Pao-Ting-Fu, a Chinese force numbering 2,500 men with artillery. The Chinese fled in the direction of Kuan-Hsien. They suffered losses and left behind them five standards and four cannon.

One of the most serious fires which have occurred in the east end of London during the last ten years broke out at the East India docks. Five immense sheds filled with goods, including a thousand bales of hemp and quantities of jute, were consumed.

IN GENERAL.

Will of Andree, the missing explorer, has been opened.

E. B. Baldwin has bought the whaling ship Esquimaux for his arctic explorations.

Successful experiment was made in telephoning over the cable from Key West to Havana.

Mexican troops in Sonora, Mexico, were recently attacked by a band of Yaqui Indians and four officers and about thirty men killed.

In a fire which destroyed the store and dwelling of Robert Litheo, on Queen street, Toronto, his son Henry was burned to death and his wife was so severely injured by jumping from a window that her life is despaired of.

An American syndicate known as the North River Lumber and Pulp Company is erecting a large pulp mill near the North river, St. Ammes district, Cape Breton, and a similar mill on the same river in Victoria County.

The most destructive fire in the history of Calgary, N. W. T., wrought damage estimated at $100,000. Several of the finest business structures fell prey to the flames, notably the Clarence, Eau Claire and new Norman blocks.

It is reliably reported that the Toledo, St. Louis and Western (Clover Leaf), Missouri Pacific, Lima Northern and Ohio Southern railroads are to be consolidated and that the deal will be announced in a few days by the officials.

The commerce of the Sault canals for 1900 amounted to 25,143,073 net freight tons, of which 20,532,403 were eastbound business and 5,110,580 were westbound. The American canal passed 92 per cent of the traffic and the Canadian canal 8 per cent. Of the registered tonnage 20,136,782 tons went through the American and 2,179,052 went through the Canadian.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.90; hogs, shipping grades, $3.00 to $5.05; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 21c to 22c; rye, No. 2, 40c to 47c; butter, choice creamery, 22c to 23c; eggs, fresh, 20c to 21c; potatoes, 43c to 47c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.85; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $4.95; sheep, common to prime, $3.00 to $3.50; wheat, No. 2, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2 white, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.25 to $5.65; hogs, $3.00 to $4.95; sheep, $3.00 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 33c to 34c; oats, No. 2, 22c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 48c to 49c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $3.00 to $5.85; hogs, $3.00 to $5.05; sheep, $3.00 to $3.35; wheat, No. 2, 77c to 78c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 53c to 54c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $4.50; hogs, $3.00 to $4.75; sheep, $2.50 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 38c to 39c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; rye, 51c to 52c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 74c to 76c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c; clover seed, prime, $6.00 to $6.40.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 70c [illegible]; corn, No. 3, 34c to 35c; oats, No. [illegible], 25c to 26c; rye, No. [illegible], 50c to 5[illegible]; [illegible], No. 2, 59c to 60c; pork, mess, $[illegible] to $11.15.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $3.00 to $5.40; hogs, fair to prime, [illegible] to $5.15; sheep, fair to choice, [illegible] $4.00; lambs, common to extra, [illegible] $5.75.

New York—Cattle, $3.25 to [illegible]; hogs, $3.00 to $5.40; sheep, [illegible]; wheat, No. 2 red, 75c [illegible] to 45c [illegible].

CHINA TO PAY DEARLY

JOINT NOTE OF THE ALLIED POWERS SUBMITTED.

Severe Terms of Reparation Imposed on the Empire—Indemnities Amounting to Two Hundred Millions Demanded in Behalf of Boxers' Victims.

The joint note to China was signed in Pekin by the foreign ministers at 11 o'clock Saturday morning. Two hundred million dollars is the maximum sum demanded by the powers for the Boxer outrages, yet the claims to be made by natives and individuals are likely to be many times that amount.

The joint note was apparently drawn up with two purposes in view. The chief purpose, of course, has been to secure substantial measures of reform looking to indemnities, punishments and the prevention of further uprisings. Incidentally some of the provisions have been designed, evidently, for the express purpose of impressing the Asiatic mind with a sense of the danger of meddling with occidental peoples and their properties. Presumably the proposed reforms of this class, fantastic as they may seem, have been adopted with a full understanding of the Chinese character. The compulsory erection of monuments and the dispatch of embassies bearing apologies no doubt mean something to a Chinaman, however trivial these measures may seem to foreigners.

As to the more practical measures mentioned in the note several are obviously just and essential. It is eminently proper that China should be compelled to pay indemnities, punish leading offenders and permit the fortification of foreign legations. Of even more importance are the various administrative reforms by which the Chinese government will be made to suspend its system of officialism in certain provinces, abolish the anti-foreign societies and punish all officials who countenance anti-foreign disturbances.

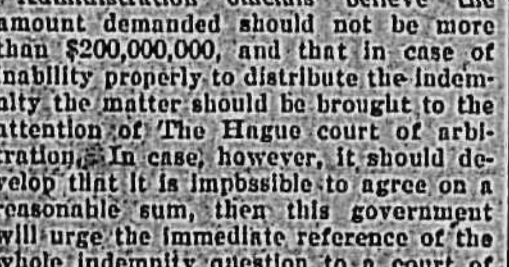
The indemnity to be paid to the government is in the nature of the expenditures incurred in dispatching and maintaining troops in China, and may be made to include sums paid to the heirs of those killed in action or to those who received wounds during engagements incident to the capture of Pekin. The total losses of the allied forces defending the legations were 6 killed and 210 wounded, and many Chinese in the employ of missionaries and the legations lost their lives.

An idea of the indemnity to be demanded for the expenses of the several military expeditions may be obtained from this table showing the strength of the allies:

	Men.
Russia, brought from Siberia	48,500
Japan (transported from Japan)	22,573
Germany (mostly brought from Germany) 44 guns and	15,600
Great Britain, brought from Hongkong and India	8,740
United States, dispatched from the Philippines and the United States	5,618
France, sent to the north from Cochin China	5,378
Italy, transported from Italy	1,000
Austria, landed from its warships	294

The societies named in the agreement are the religious bodies which maintained missionaries in China, many of whom were killed. They will want not only heavy sums to indemnify the heirs of those killed, but to solace those who were insulted, and also to cover damage done in the destruction of mission property. Many merchants suffered losses in consequence of the outrages. The American legation in Pekin was owned by Col. Charles Denby, Mr. Conger's predecessor, and the other legations were owned by foreigners or foreign governments.

Administration officials believe the amount demanded should not be more than $200,000,000, and that in case of inability properly to distribute the indemnity the matter should be brought to the attention of The Hague court of arbitration. In case, however, it should develop that it is impossible to agree on a reasonable sum, then this government will urge the immediate reference of the whole indemnity question to a court of five jurists, to be selected from those members of The Hague tribunal nominated by countries whose interests were not largely affected by the Chinese trouble. There are sixteen nations signatory to The Hague treaty, ten only of whom were involved in the Chinese trouble. Remaining ones are Denmark, Sweden and Norway, the Netherlands, Roumania and Portugal.


The Comic Side of The News

The lynching belt seems to be slowly moving northward.

If the British can't capture De Wet they can't lose him, either.

Li-Hung-Chang has the grip, but it is not the one he lost some months ago.

The Boer scheme is said to be to keep on fighting whether the war is over or not.

It is quite evident that Jessie Morrison is lucky that the jury was not composed of women.

The ship subsidy bill which seemed to be sailing in smooth water has apparently struck an uncharted reef.

Castellane no doubt can't see why George Gould doesn't sell a railroad or two and pay his sister's husband's debts.

Gen. Mercier thinks it would be easy to invade England, and Napoleon III. thought it would be a regular picnic to whip Germany.

Perhaps the reason the city of Washington does not look its age is that it has spent the whole of its 100 years of its life at the public crib.

Justice Andrews, [illegible] Court, New York, decides that the [illegible]000,000 personal estate of William [illegible] Astor was [illegible] taxed [illegible] York, owing to [illegible] now being a resident of England.

[illegible] Grace [illegible] Robinson [illegible] arrested at [illegible] with fleeing [illegible]000 worth of [illegible] husband, was [illegible]

Quite Amicable.

Briggs—Sterns and you are both very positive chaps. Don't you ever quarrel when you get to talking?

Wuzzle—Oh, dear, no! The thing is impossible. The fact is, we never disagree. We never talk on the same subject, and neither of us listens to the other. We just talk, that's all.—Boston Transcript.

MR. AYERS NOT DEAD.

Very Much Alive and Out with a Letter Telling How He Was Saved.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 31, 1900.—(Special.)—Few who knew how ill Mr. A. E. Ayers of this city had been with Bright's Disease and Diabetes ever expected he could live. Four doctors gave him but three or four days to live. He recovered through the prompt and continued use of a well-known remedy and has given the following letter for publication. It is dated at Bath, N. Y., where Mr. Ayers now resides:

Soldiers and Sailors' Home,
Bath, N. Y.

Dodds Medicine Co.,
Buffalo, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:—

I wish to tell you what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me. As far as I am concerned they are the best in the world, for they not only saved my life, but they have given me new life and hope. I lived in Minneapolis for forty-nine years, and am well known there by many people. I suffered severely with Bright's Disease and Diabetes. Four well-known physicians gave me up to die. In fact, they gave me only three or four days at the longest to live. I had spent nearly everything I had in the effort to save my life, but seeing an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I scraped what was nearly my last half dollar, sent to the drug store and bought a box. I had very little hope of anything ever doing me any good, as from what the four doctors had told me, it was now a matter of hours with me. I commenced to take the Pills, and from the very first they helped me. I took in all about forty boxes. I doubtless did not need so many, but I wanted to make sure, and after all, $20.00 is a small amount of money to remove the sentence of death and save one's life.

I have since recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to hundreds of people, and I have yet to hear of the first one that did not find them all that you claim for them. I can remember of two people to whom I had recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills, and who afterwards said to me that they received no benefit. I asked to see their Pill boxes, and behold, instead of Dodd's Kidney Pills, it was ———'s Kidney Pills, an imitation of the genuine Dodd's, and not the real thing at all that they had been using. I gave each of them an empty pill box that Dodd's Kidney Pills had been put up in, so that they could make no more mistakes, and they afterwards came to me and told me that they had bought and used the genuine Dodd's Kidney Pills, and were cured.

I still continue to use the Pills off and on, and would not be without them if they were $50.00 a box. I think that every old gentleman in the world would be healthier and better if he would take one after each meal.

I wish I could think of words strong enough to express to you my gratitude for what your Medicine has done for me. It is not often, I suppose, that a man who is staring death right in the face, is permitted to live and tell of the means which saved him, and as that is my position, my heart is overwhelmed with thankfulness to God for His mercy to me in permitting me to see the advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, when it seemed that I was beyond all earthly power to save, that I cannot express my real feelings.

If anyone doubts the statement I have made, they may write to me, and I will try and prove to them that all I have said in this letter is true, and more than true. There are hundreds of people in Minneapolis who know all about my case and the way Dodd's Kidney Pills pulled me through, when I had been given up by the four doctors, of Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and had practically lost all hope. You are at liberty to publish this testimonial which I give you from the bottom of my heart, and I sincerely wish that I could find the right words to express my feelings of gratitude to you and to Dodd's Kidney Pills, for my restoration to life and health.

(Signed) A. E. AYERS,
Late of Minneapolis, now at
Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Bath, N. Y.

Mr. Ayers is only one of thousands of aged gentlemen who say that their lives have been prolonged and their declining years made worth living by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

ABSOLUTE
SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE [illegible]
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID [illegible]
[illegible]
CURE SIC[illegible]

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Banana Distribution to Center at Mounds—Paris Murderer Discloses His Identity—Mysterious Death at Milan—Fire at Springfield.

John E. Evans of New York, general manager and treasurer of the Fruit Dispatch Company, has been in Chicago. Mr. Evans' company is said to be an adjunct of the United Fruit Company, which is more commonly known as the "banana trust," but the New Yorker denies that he even knows of the existence of a banana war in Chicago. "I am here to look over plans that have been prepared for a hotel and office building at Mounds, which my company has decided to build. We have settled upon Mounds as the distributing point of the banana trade in the United States. We have erected a receiving house, 62 by 800 feet, with a capacity of eighty cars, and I have approved plans for a two-story hotel and office building to be used for the lodging of the seventy-five men employed in our banana messenger service. This building is to cost $50,000 and the work will begin at once." The new building at Mounds is to contain, besides the offices, a kitchen, sleeping and dining rooms and lounging rooms. The little town will hereafter be the center of the banana distributing trade of the country, and all the "trust" bananas will be sent to their destination from that place, for they will arrive there direct from the steamers at New Orleans.

Owens Meets Death Smiling.

With defiant mien, a smile on his lips and a contemptuous waving aside of the [illegible]rgymen who offered him religious con[illegible]ation, John Owens, who murdered [illegible]es Hogue last September, went to [illegible] death on the gallows at Paris. The [illegible] surrounding the jail of Edgar [illegible]ty was filled to overflowing with [illegible]tators, who in one way or another had secured admission in the hope of seeing the mysterious murderer pay the penalty of his crime. This singular man, who had been a puzzle to the authorities ever since he was arrested and had persistently refused to disclose his identity, made a statement just before he went to the gallows which clears up that mystery. He was the son of T. H. Wolsom, a well-to-do farmer living near Wellsburg, Tenn. He attended Center College at Danville, Ky., but was expelled because of a fight with an upper-class man. Later he had a dispute with his father concerning some property and left home. His family had not heard a word from him until notified that he had been hanged.

Woman's Death a Mystery.

Whether Mrs. Alice J. Baker fired the revolver shot that resulted in her death at Milan the coroner's jury has been unable to decide. At the time of the fatality Mrs. Baker and Walter Griffin, aged 18 years, were the only persons in the house. Young Griffin was a music student of Mrs. Baker's. His story is that that evening he returned to Mrs. Baker a revolver he had borrowed from her and that as he handed it to her she playfully slapped him. He returned the slap and ran into another room. Then, he says, Mrs. Baker shot herself. He claims she had often threatened to commit suicide. Mrs. Baker was 47 years of age. Her husband died three years ago. She leaves three children.

Suicide in Arcola Saloon.

John Smith, aged 40, a man of family, turned a merry drinking bout at Arcola into a tragedy very unexpectedly. Smith and several companions were jesting in front of a saloon bar, when suddenly turning his back to his companions he swallowed the contents of a small package and impressively remarked: "Boys, I've done it; I've taken a big dose of strychnine and will die." He had swallowed six grains of the poison and he died shortly afterward. Despondency over his inability to throw off his desire for drink is believed to have been the cause.

Set Free by the Governor.

Patrick Furlong, who was convicted of murder at the January term, 1899, of the Cook County criminal court and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-five years, has been given his liberty through a commutation issued by Gov. Tanner. The recommendation of Judge Gary and of the jury prompted the Governor's action. Charles Nelson of Chicago, who was convicted at the November term of the criminal court for the murder of his wife and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of twenty-five years, was also discharged on commutation papers.

Blaze at State Capital.

At an early hour the other morning fire was discovered in the insurance department on the first floor of the State house in Springfield, and but for the prompt response of the city fire department a serious conflagration would have resulted. As it was, the blaze was confined to the private room of Gen. Vance, chief clerk of the department. The partition walls were burned out, and the frescoing on the ceilings of all the offices were badly damaged by smoke. The loss will reach several hundred dollars.

State Items of Interest.

A $500,000 glucose factory is being built at Pekin.

The University of Illinois has invested in an eight-ton refrigerating machine.

Entire plant of the Lewis Roofing Co. at Moline was destroyed by fire. Loss $20,000.

The Tazewell County Board of Supervisors, in conjunction with the Illinois Sugar Beet Growers' Association, will offer $1,000 in 100 prizes to encourage beet culture.

Edward E. Curtis, Chicago's colored Jean Valjean, arrived home from the Tennessee penitentiary. He was not wanted by Louisiana officials, as reported.

[illegible] Tillie Cannliff, 35 years old, of [illegible] fell through an unsupported [illegible] the Ogden avenue viaduct and [illegible]ed to her death on the ground [illegible]t below.

[illegible]te, retail clothier at State and [illegible] Boulevard, Chicago, who went [illegible]ary bankruptcy recently, will have his credit extended in or[illegible] to continue his business.

A special election will be held in Coles County Jan. 15 to determine whether the county shall issue $160,000 bonds for a new court house.

Walter Marshall Clute, illustrator on a Chicago daily paper, and Miss Beulah Mitchell were married at the home of the bride's father, Dr. J. W. Mitchell, in Decatur.

James R. Maxcey, a real estate dealer and auctioneer of Springfield, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court. Liabilities $50,783; assets about $125.

Arthur J. Brosseau and Miss Grace Lincoln Hall, the author, were married in Moline. Mr. Brosseau has just been made manager of the Kansas Moline Plow Company at Kansas City.

At Gibson a Wabash freight train struck a carriage containing the two sons and two daughters of Daniel Farney of Strawn, instantly killing Lydia and Pater and seriously injuring the others.

The body of Henry Vogel of Belleville was run over and mangled by an electric suburban car four miles west of Belleville. Four men went back and found the body cold and stiff, with indications that Vogel's head had been crushed before the car struck the body. Vogel was in a saloon near where his body was found about midnight. He displayed a large sum of money, and the police say he was followed, knocked on the head, robbed of his money and placed on the car rails. No money was found when his body was picked up. Vogel was 37 years of age and a machinist.

In a desperate fight at Vergennes four men were shot. One will die, and the others are seriously hurt. Last Fourth of July James Davidson and Charley Fox, farmers, quarreled, and since then ill feeling has existed between them. One afternoon recently Davidson and others were at Riley Crane's saloon. Several of the crowd were intoxicated. Fox came in and was set upon by Davidson and only few words passed between them before they came to blows. Davidson's brother, Joe, then took a hand. He fired two shots into the crowd. The first struck Fox in the chin and the second lodged in Willard Pyatt's abdomen. Pyatt, who was a bystander, will die.

Lucius Washburn of Springfield has been made the victim of a serious practical joke by some deputy sheriffs of Sangamon County. The officers took Washburn with them to Camp Lincoln, where they told him they expected to arrest Frank Stout, wanted for the murder of James Wilson at Dawson. Washburn was placed near the flag pole and told to keep a close watch for anything that might occur while the officers made a search. After being left alone a large negro appeared and made an attempt to hold up Washburn. He showed fight, and the only escape left the negro was to give him a thrashing. The negro blackened his eyes, and, Washburn claims, broke an ear drum, besides inflicting other injuries, which have necessitated the service of a physician.

Decatur was thrown into the wildest confusion on a recent night by two hold-up men. One of the pair escaped after a running fight with the police in which several shots were exchanged without injury to any one. The other, James Wells of Australia, was captured. They first stole a horse and buggy standing in front of the Christmas tabernacle. They then drove to Paddy Hartten's saloon on North Water street. With revolvers in each hand they ordered six men to face the opposite wall and the proprietor to throw up his hands. They then took $50 from the cash register. Although this happened at 7:30 o'clock in Decatur's busiest street, the robbers coolly left the scene before the police patrol arrived. Two other saloons were visited by the pair and the terror they inspired induced Chief Applegate to call out the entire police force.

Early the other morning a gang of about fifty men surrounded the Greene County jail at Carrolltown and an alarm at the jail door was promptly responded to. The leader of the gang stated his mission and singled out a committee to search the jail for Albert Shenkle of Whitehall. A thorough search failed to reveal the whereabouts of the prisoner. It was learned that Shenkle had been placed in a buggy by Marshal Hill during the previous afternoon and driven south to a station on the Chicago and Alton road, placed on a train and taken to Alton for safety. It is believed that Shenkle's return to the county will be followed by certain lynching. Shenkle is under custody for assaulting and robbing Miss Grace, daughter of C. H. Giller of Whitehall. The fellow met her on her way home alone. She was grabbed by the throat and so severely injured as to require the close attention of physicians. She was able to make her way a short distance home and immediately a party went in search of the assailant.

One of the most unique celebrations in the history of Coles County was the keeping of "open house" in the elegant and commodious county building, recently constructed in Charleston and furnished at a cost of $125,000. Seventy years ago that day Gov. John Reynolds signed the act creating the county of Coles, hence the celebration. The first court house was erected in 1832. This was rebuilt in 1858, was remodeled in 1864, and gave place to the present structure after a prolonged struggle for supremacy between Charleston and her rival, Mattoon, which greatly desired the county seat. Every room in the big building was in charge of some society, association or committee, and all were lavishly decorated. Everybody was made welcome. Visitors poured in from all over the county, and a gala day such as Charleston has seldom seen was the result. The supervisors evidently have in mind the special election Jan. 15 to vote on issuing $150,000 bonds to refund the county's indebtedness, and this is why they encouraged the celebration. The bond question was defeated at the last general election.

A terrible cutting affray occurred at Mattoon, from which Will McShane will probably die. His assailant, "Bud" Smith, a young [illegible], is in custody. Smith while intoxicated ran amuck, cutting several others [illegible] but not fatally.

The Mo[illegible] of Rockford [illegible] the [illegible] in the buil[illegible] of the city [illegible] could [illegible] ford has [illegible] Ashton's [illegible] commodio[illegible] furnished [illegible]

REPORTS ON CROPS OF 1900.

Figures of Department of Agriculture Show Good Conditions.

The statistician of the Department of Agriculture estimates the United States wheat crop of 1900 at 522,229,505 bushels, the area actually harvested being 42,495,385 acres, and the average yield per acre 12.29 bushels. The production of winter wheat is estimated at 350,025,409 bushels and that of spring wheat at 172,204,096 bushels, the area actually harvested being 26,235,897 acres in the former case and 16,259,488 acres in the latter.

The winter wheat acreage totally abandoned in Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and Illinois is finally placed at 3,522,787 acres and the spring wheat acreage totally abandoned in North Dakota and South Dakota at 1,793,467 acres. The extraordinarily rapid rate at which the winter wheat acreage of Nebraska is gaining upon the spring wheat acreage of that State has necessitated a special investigation of the relative extent to which the two varieties were grown during the last year. The result of the investigation is that while no change is called for in the total wheat figures of the State, 590,575 acres have been added to the winter wheat column at the expense of the spring variety.

The newly-seeded area of winter wheat is estimated at 30,282,564 acres. While this acreage is slightly greater than that sown in the fall of 1899, as estimated at the time, it is 600,054 acres less than the area that was actually sown, the discrepancy being due to that remarkably rapid development of winter wheat growing in Nebraska with which, as above stated, the department's reports had failed to keep pace.

A comparison of the newly seeded acreage with that of the fall of 1899 shows that of the eleven States and territories that sowed 1,000,000 acres or upward [illegible] winter wheat one year ago, Pennsy[illegible]nia, Missouri, Kansas, California and [illegible]klahoma report an increase amounting to 971,704 acres, and Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Texas and Tennessee a decrease of 1,780,101 acres. The average condition of the growing crop on Dec. 1 was 97.1 per cent of the normal. There are many complaints of the Hessian fly, but the low-condition figures reported from Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee—86.80, 87 and 84, respectively—are fully offset by the exceptionally high condition reported from Kansas, Missouri, California, Oklahoma and other States, in all of which it is above normal.

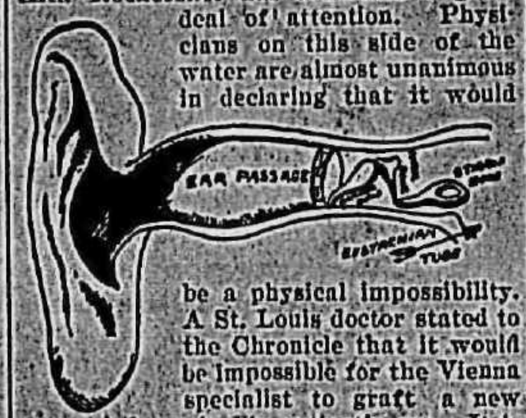
The production of corn in 1900 is estimated at 2,105,102,516 bushels; oats, 809,125,989 bushels; barley, 58,925,833; rye, 23,995,927 bushels; buckwheat, 9,566,966 bushels; potatoes, 210,926,897 bushels, and hay, 50,110,906 tons. The area from which these crops were gathered was as follows, in acres: Corn, 83,320,872; oats, 27,364,795; barley, 2,894,282; rye, 1,591,326; buckwheat, 637,930; potatoes, 2,611,054, and hay, 39,132,890.

The corn crop of 1900 was one of the four largest ever gathered, while the oat crop has only once been exceeded. On the other hand, the barley and rye crops are the smallest, with one exception in each case, since 1887; the buckwheat crop is the smallest since 1883, and the hay crop the smallest, with one exception, since 1888.

CANNOT MAKE EAR DRUMS.

Doubt Thrown on Story that One Is Being Made for Miss Rockefeller.

The report that Viennese aurists are making new ear drums to order for Miss Alta Rockefeller has attracted a great deal of attention. Physicians on this side of the water are almost unanimous in declaring that it would be a physical impossibility. A St. Louis doctor stated to the Chronicle that it would be impossible for the Vienna specialist to graft a new natural drum in his patient's ear. It is extremely improbable that new bones or substitutes can be grafted in the tympanum, and the construction of a new outer wall or membrane is an utter impossibility.



Echoes of Christmas Day.

The Elks of Roanoke, Va., entertained 500 poor people at a dinner that cost $1,500.

Louisville celebrated with fireworks and crackers. Hundreds of poor were given free dinners.

In St. Petersburg high noblemen dined at the People's Palace with peasants and families of workingmen.

The feature of the day in Omaha was a fashionable reception to Gen. and Mrs. Fitzhugh Lee and their daughters.

Five thousand people of Kansas City were feasted by the Salvation Army, while a business man entertained the newsboys.

The wife of President Loubet of France gave 7,000 francs to poor widows. The day was pleasant and the celebrations were as usual.

The Salvation Army of Chicago gave dinners to 6,000 poor people, and the Pacific Garden Mission cared for 1,000 more. The Union Traction Company fed 8,000 men at its big barns.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch provided 15,000 dinners for the poor of that city, and the Salvation Army and Union Mission distributed 500 baskets of food. The Elks provided for 150 families.

In London the day was miserable, but the observance was general. Queen Victoria entertained a large royal party at Osborne House and the Prince of Wales had a family party at Sandringham.

The Salvation Army of Cleveland entertained 1,000 poor people. United States Senator Hanna was present and made a short speech praising the Salvationists. Five hundred baskets were sent to the poor.

The weather in New York was unusually mild. The Salvation Army fed 4,000 [illegible] in Madison Square Garden. Five [illegible] newsboys feasted at the News[illegible] Miss He[illegible] could enter[illegible] small boys. The [illegible] Charities [illegible] State [illegible] of his [illegible]

A recent addition to the diplomatic corps at Washington is Dr. Edwardo Wilde, minister from the Argentine Republic, and his beautiful wife, Senora Guillermina De O. Wilde, will have a leading place at the social functions of the present season. Senora Wilde is one of the handsomest and most talented members of her sex. A native of South America, she comes of the family of De Olivera Cezar, which has long been conspicuous in the affairs of the republic and possessed of great wealth. She was educated in Europe and is rarely accomplished in all the arts of polite society. She and her sister, who is to spend the season with her in Washington, have the reputation of being two of the most beautiful women of their southern republic.

SENORA DE O. WILDE.

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London Truth is authority for the statement that upon his retirement from active diplomatic service next year Lord Pauncefote will be offered either the title of viscount or earl in recognition of his distinguished services to the crown.

-:—:-

Miss Lillian May Langham, who married Baron Herman von Sternberg on Dec. 5, in London, is the daughter of Charles Langham, a mine owner of Idaho and one of the wealthiest men in the West. When 12 years old Miss Langham was sent to school in New York, where she remained for five years. During that time she was a frequent visitor to her uncle, Arthur Langham, a leading society man and financier. In 1899 she went to Europe, and on the steamer she met her future husband. The baron was arduous in his courtship, and within three months had won the American beauty. Baron von Sternberg was formerly first secretary of the German embassy at Washington, and was recently appointed consul general at Calcutta.

LILLIAN M. LANGHAM.

-:—:-

The Cape Times correspondent has interviewed Mrs. De Wet, wife of the Boer general. She said: "You Englishmen will never catch my husband. He is going to win back for the Free Staters and Transvaalers what they have lost. He has enough food and ammunition to last for three years, and that is just how long the war is going to last."

-:—:-

Senator William Pierce Frye of Maine, temporary chairman of the Senate committee on foreign relations in place of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis, is eminently qualified for this position, although he himself favors Senator Lodge. Mr. Frye is president pro tempore of the Senate. He was elected to that position in 1896. For nineteen years he has been a representative of the State of Maine in the Senate, going to that body in 1881 on the resignation of the late James G. Blaine, who had been appointed Secretary of State. Mr. Frye was a member of the commission which met in Paris in 1898 to adjust the terms of peace between the United States and Spain. He has always taken a keen interest in the foreign relations of the United States.

SENATOR FRYE.

-:—:-

Oscar E. Heard has just closed a sixteen-year term as State's Attorney of Stephenson County, Illinois. In that time he has secured the conviction of 2,241 criminals, among the number being three murderers, two of whom were hanged.

-:—:-

Mary Caroline Washington Bond loved Attilio Morosini, son of the great New York banker. She married him secretly, and the marriage has just been made public. She is a great-great niece of George Washington. The only ground for opposition was the desire of the bridegroom's father that he marry a woman of his own religion. The Morosinis are devout Catholics, while the bride is a Protestant. The bride is famous as a beauty, her miniature being among a collection by Marie of America's most most beautiful society women. She is a lineal descendant of Col. Samuel Washington, brother of the first President.

MARY BOND.

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Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, who has just passed her eightieth birthday, is in good health and strength. Few women have done more for this country than she.

-:—:-

Miss Permeal French has been re-elected State Superintendent of Public Instruction in Idaho. In a recent article in a magazine, Gov. Steunenberg stated that Miss French is the best superintendent the State ever had.

-:—:-

Joseph Jefferson says that when an actor is young failure doesn't affect him much, but when he reaches the time of life that Mr. Jefferson has attained failure would be more than unbearable. This is the Jefferson reason for producing no new plays.

-:—:-

Thomas A. Edison's middle name is Alva, which is little known to most people. He is of Dutch origin, and the founder of the American family, John Edison, came to this country in 1737 and became a banker in New York.

DIGEST OF THE [illegible] YEAR'S LA[illegible]

The New York State Library has issued its eleventh annual "Com[illegible] Summary and Index of Legi[illegible] States," covering the laws pass[illegible] The bulletin is prepared by [illegible] Whitten, Ph. D., sociology librar[illegible] it digests and organizes the large [illegible] of legislation enacted by State Legi[illegible]res. An interesting feature of the bulletin is its review of the most important and distinctive legislation of the year, indicating the trend of legislation by reference to laws of previous years.

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Under the head of suffrage it is noted that a constitutional amendment in North Carolina has been adopted by the people and will go into effect in July, 1902. This amendment has for its purpose, illy concealed, the disfranchisement of the illiterate negroes of the State. It is similar to that adopted by Louisiana in 1898, and makes ability to read and write a section of the constitution a qualification for voting.

The bulletin shows that voting machines are steadily gaining in favor. The first law permitting the use of voting machines was passed in New York in 1892; during the year Rhode Island has created a voting machine commission to examine machines and make provisions for their use; in Iowa the use of voting machines has been authorized, and a commission has been appointed to make investigations as to the merits of the machines now on the market.

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Iowa passed a law providing for the appointment of tax inquisitors to discover personalty omitted from the tax lists. It is similar to the Ohio law on the same subject. Missouri has adopted a constitutional amendment providing for the exemption of the amount of a mortgage in the taxation of incumbered property. The nominal owner of the property is assessed for the amount of the property less the mortgage, and the owner of the mortgage is assessed the amount of the mortgage. Virginia has provided for a tax of $1 on the seals of all courts and notaries by means of an adhesive stamp to be affixed to the instrument requiring the seal. So far as is known this is the only instance of a State using stamps for the collection of taxes. New Jersey has adopted a franchise tax similar in some respects to that adopted by New York in 1899. It taxes all persons and corporations using highways, streets and public places, except railroad and canal companies.

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Rhode Island has created a State commission to build and maintain sidepaths. A license fee of 50 cents to $1 may be imposed to form a sidepath fund. Maryland also has a sidepath commission.

-:—:-

Mississippi, South Carolina and Virginia have revised their laws providing for pensions for indigent Confederate veterans, and Louisiana has adopted a constitutional amendment increasing annual appropriations for pensions.

Louisiana will abolish the present system of leasing convicts as soon as the present lease expires, which will be March 3, 1901. A number of States have provided for the release on probation of convicted juvenile offenders. Massachusetts, Vermont and New Jersey have extended this system to adult convicts. A Kentucky law provides that the board of prison commissioners may parole convicts in the penitentiary for the first time. Paroled prisoners are not required to remain in the State, but if they do remain they are required to report their place of residence and conduct to the board of prison commissioners, through the county judge, at least every six months. North Dakota has adopted a constitutional amendment establishing a board of pardons, consisting of the Governor, Attorney General, chief justice of the Supreme Court and two persons appointed by the Governor.

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South Carolina has decided to make an experiment in State insurance. The State will carry its own risks on all State and county public buildings except school houses. Beginning with Jan. 1, 1901, half the amount now paid for premiums on city and county buildings will be paid to the commissioners of the sinking fund for an insurance fund. When the insurance fund reaches $200,000 no further premiums will be collected except to maintain the fund at that amount.

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Massachusetts has provided for the running of workingmen's trains in the Boston suburban district between certain hours of the morning and evening, and for the sale of season tickets, for distance not exceeding fifteen miles, at a rate not exceeding $3 per mile a year, and quarterly and weekly tickets at a rate not exceeding $1 a mile per quarter, and good for one ride each way six days of the week.

-:—:-

Missouri passed a law designed to prohibit department stores by imposing high licenses on stores which carried goods in more than a certain number of designated groups of merchandise. The State Supreme Court declared the law unconstitutional. Maryland, Massachusetts, Virginia, Vermont, New Hampshire and Rhode Island have prohibited the use of trading stamps. The Rhode Island law has been declared unconstitutionay.

-:—:-

Ohio has authorized the board of control of the agricultural experiment stations to inspect nurseries, orchards and gardens, and to treat trees infected with disease. Plants shipped into the State must bear a certificate of inspection. Virginia has made its board of control of the State experiment station a board of crop pest commissioners, with power to appoint a State entomologist, with duties in the line of reports on insect pests.

-:—:-

Iowa and New Jersey have created State library commissions with a view to assisting cities and towns in the establishment of libraries and to co-operate with local library boards in selecting books and providing suitable management for the libraries. There are now fifteen States with library commissions, their duties being similar to the above.

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Mississippi was the only State to pass anti-trust legislation in 1900. There are now twenty-nine States with anti-trust laws.

[illegible] spective jurisdiction. [illegible] official reports of the year and a careful study of them discloses some interesting facts bearing on the general business situation. Changes in the totals of the principal items are comparatively small, and standing by themselves perhaps would have little significance. But an analysis of the statements shows that in the matter of deposits there has been a movement that does not appear on the surface. It will be found that in the active, or commercial accounts, there has been a material reduction, while in the savings accounts there has been a marked increase. The condition of the savings banks is regarded by many students of economics as a pretty correct index of the general situation. The growth of savings deposits means a larger employment of labor, which in itself is conclusive proof that general conditions are satisfactory from a business point of view.

Chicago—At the close of Friday's session prices of the various commodities speculatively dealt in on the Board of Trade did not differ much from those prevailing at the end of the previous week. An apathetic feeling pervaded the entire list, and complaints of dull trade were universal, not excepting even the business in corn, although that commodity approached nearer to an appearance of normal activity than any of the others. Reasons for the dullness in speculation on the Board of Trade are various, and not the least of them is the greater but superficial attractiveness of the New York Stock Exchange, where fortunes are being made and lost daily, and while the losers are dumb and gainers talk of their success and bring forth imitators by the hundreds. In comparison with stocks what attraction can such a market as wheat, for instance, have for anyone who does not make of it his daily occupation? May wheat, in which the bulk of the trading is at present being done, had a range for the week of 1¼ cents a bushel, and whereas its value at the close of the previous week was 73¼ cents its price at the close of the market Friday was 73⅛ cents. Narrow, however, as are the fluctuations at present in the grain markets, there would unquestionably be much more speculative business in them if the quotations had more prompt and wider dissemination. The grain trade as a field for speculation has the great advantage over the stock market of being an open book that anyone can read who chooses to devote to it the necessary study. In addition it cannot be controlled or manipulated to any material extent by cliques or coteries of insiders having, as in stocks, a monopoly of the information necessary to an intelligent appreciation of the situation, no such exclusive intelligence of conditions affecting grain markets being possible.

FACTS ABOUT THE CENSUS.

The census of population in New York State reveals in striking fashion the urban trend of the nation's growth. The State, as a whole, gained 1,270,159 in population, or 21.01 per cent, in the ten years, which is a greater gain than in most of the Western States, but not so great as the gain in Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and other States which are more distinctively manufacturing communities. In New York State, of the total gain of 1,270,159 inhabitants, 974,089 was in the three counties of New York, Kings and Erie, containing Manhattan and Brooklyn Boroughs and the City of Buffalo. These three counties are thus responsible for nearly 80 per cent of the increase, although their total population is barely one-half that of the State. At the present rate of growth Tammany would soon be able to dominate the New York Legislature were it not for the constitutional provision limiting the representation of New York and Brooklyn in that body. Twenty of the counties of the State showed decreases, and these are entirely agricultural in their interests. The counties containing the smallest manufacturing cities showed almost as great increases as those in which the big cities are located. The conditions in Illinois are much the same, the six counties that showed decreases at this census being almost entirely agricultural.

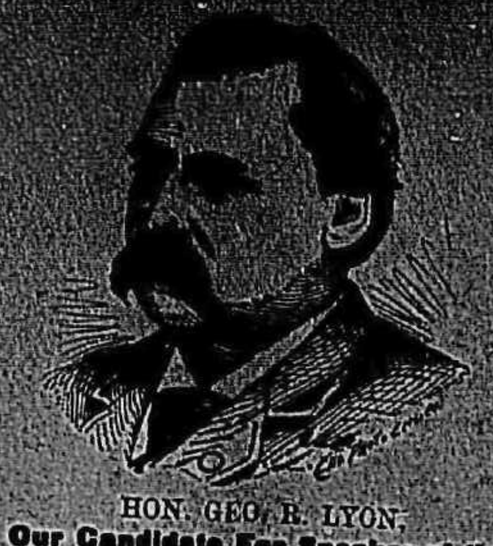
A Kentucky woman whose husband is entered as "idler," gave her occupation as "washing and wishing." The puncher who came across this queer entry remarked that the phrase meant that the woman was washing to support her twelve children and lazy husband and wishing that he would go to work and assist in the maintenance of their numerous offspring.

In many of the returns from the Southern States men of means and leisure are entered in the occupation column as "gentlemen," and in one instance as "rich." An invalid in Illinois is given occupation as "laid up," and a paralytic figures in the same column as "has fits."

It remained for a Pennsylvania enumerator to record a German 45 years of age as "occupation, villain." Whether this was the enumerator's personal estimate of the man, or whether the German himself gave this unique and suggestive occupation, is not known. Neither is it known whether the villain was entered as "N. G." or "O. K."

In many of the returns from the rural districts of the South a large number of children under 10 years of age are recorded as farm laborers, and under the proper headings it is stated that they are so employed eight months and attend school but two months in each year. Two Southern housewives appear in the occupation column as "does housework" and "minds baby."

Gen. Greely, chief signal officer of the army, has been informed that 200 miles of telegraph land lines have been constructed in the vicinity of the Southern Yukon and Nome, Alaska.



HON. GEO. R. LYON.

Our Candidate For Speaker of the Illinois Legislature.

President McKinley declined to pardon the notorious Capt. H. W. Howgate, whose prison sentence for embezzlement of Government funds expired December 29, and the President was right. Howgate escaped deserved punishment for many years through "pull" with those who probably shared in his stealings, and when at last he was put on trial was clearly proven guilty. He has no just claim for restoration to citizenship.

If the present management of the Military Academy at West Point isn't strong enough to enforce the regulations against hazing, one should be substituted that will be. While the charge that Cadet Booz died as the result of hazing has not been substantiated, it has been fully proven that hazing of a disgusting and disgraceful nature is practiced among the Cadets. Common decency demands that an end be put to it.

The height of impertinence was reached, and passed, when a Washington correspondent telegraphed his paper how each member of the U. S. Supreme Court, except the Chief Justice, would vote on the cases involving the constitutional status of Porto Rico and the Philippines, the decision in which will probably not be made for weeks.

Nobody knows, of course, whether the decision of the Supreme Court will uphold the constitutionality of President McKinley's policy toward Porto Rico and the Philippines, but the fact that this policy was entered upon by the advice of some of the country's ablest legal minds makes the probabilities all lean that way.

Gen. Leonard Wood has made an official denial of the stories alleging the general prevalence of yellow fever in Cuba. He says there are only a few cases in Havana, not enough to attract any attention from the residents of that city.

Preparations for making the second inauguration of President McKinley the memorable event it deserves to be are being rapidly pushed in Washington. A guarantee fund of nearly $50,000 has already been subscribed.

Now that the powers have agreed to the demands to be made on China and have submitted them to the only accessable representatives of the Chinese government, no time should be wasted in seeing that they are complied with.

News from the Philippines is bearing out the predictions that peace would prevail on the islands as soon as the re-election of President McKinley was understood by the rebelliously inclined natives.

President McKinley and the country have every reason to look back to the closing years of the nineteenth century with pride and forward to the twentieth century with confidence.

Secretary Root was right in saying that the flag would be disgraced if congress did not promptly provide soldiers to take the place of the volunteers in the Philippines.

Mr. Cleveland's resolution to try to regain the leadership of the democratic party has not been enthusiastically received by the Bryanites.

Those Mississippi lynchers might resolve to lynch no more innocent men, but that wouldn't bring their latest victim back to life.

Mr. Bryan has not yet received Mr. Cleveland's subscription, but he is under obligations to him for valuable editorial material.

We take it that it would not require much persuasion to get Grover to assume the role of the twentieth century democratic Moses.

If Congress begins the new century as well as it ended the old there will be no "kick" coming to the country.

If Mr. Bryan were kidnapped, how much ransom would the democratic party be willing to pay for his release?

[illegible]

[illegible] to know that the red codfish is a bitter enemy of the lobster [illegible] just crawled out of his shell [illegible] soft and unable to protect himself. During shedding time these lobsters crawl up under protecting rocks, where the seaweed and kelp are thick, and where they find protected places in which to go through the process of slipping out of their old shells and taking on a new coat of mail, so to speak. For some days after shedding the lobsters are weak and unable to cope with those fish that wage war upon them. This fact the codfish seem intuitively to know, and they will swarm around these retreats in great numbers and wait for the shedders to crawl out. An old lobster fisherman said that many times he had stopped his dory over a large number of these red codfish and watched their operations. He had even dropped his line down and dangled tempting bait within a few feet of them. Unless it happened to fall directly in front of their noses, however, they would seldom take it, as they were after lobster meat. When the thin-shelled lobsters would crawl out from beneath the protecting seaweed the codfish would dart at them and strike them fierce blows with their tails, disabling them completely. They would then fall to and devour the helpless crustaceans. This performance the lobster fisherman said he had witnessed many times. The shedding season is now practically over, and the shells of the lobsters are becoming firm and hard and they are fully able to take care of themselves.

SEA BOUNTIES.

Money for Naval Achievements Which Was Never Paid Out.

A breath of the sea and of the past, of pigtails and powder monkeys, of ships, of storm and battle on the main, seems to blow in your face as you open the penny government paper called, "An account showing the receipt and expenditure of naval prize, bounty, salvage and other moneys, between April 1, 1899, and March 31, 1900," says a London newspaper. Salvers and pirates and booty, many a glorious day's renown of Old England—all are here for him who will read. Of the bounty money awarded to the officers and crews of her majesty's ships for the destruction of pirates there remains unclaimed £3,923; of the booty captured at the storming of Pegu, in the land of the Moulmein Pagoda, in 1852-53, £833 remains. The men of the Shannon, who fought in the mutiny at Lucknow, left £300 of prize money behind them, and the men of her majesty's ship Pearl left £434 of their share of the Satassee booty captured by the Sarun field force on January 11, 1858. There is a tale of China in the £8,000 or so of moneys won at Canton in the 1856-58 campaign, namely, booty, and proceeds of captured junks and thirty days' extra pay. Kertch and Yenikale and Magdala—all are here. And how much of all these thousands do you think was claimed last year? Exactly £8 19s 2d all told. The £19 10s for captured salvers is quite a modern affair, and the amounts vary from 1s 6d for her majesty's ship Philomel to £9 17s 7d for her majesty's ship Sparrow.

Up Against Appearances.

A stranger named Hamilton drifted into Loveland last Thursday evening, and announced that he thought he could run some. He thought he could run faster than any one in Loveland for $15, and it didn't take long for him to get action. The fellow looked like he might be a fair walker, but as a runner his stock was low. Our boys thought it would be just like finding money to have him run against Andrew Rose, and a match was made. Friday morning at 10 o'clock they had the race. The stranger with the clumsy appearance Thursday looked quite different when stripped for the race, and at the crack of a pistol he was off like a deer. And he won $15 of good Loveland money on a 75-yard race dead easy and had won all prizes at Cheyenne on Frontier day.—Loveland (Col.) Register.

Speed of a Cricket Ball.

A cricket ball delivered by a fast bowler often attains a speed of a mile a minute. When C. T. B. Turner, the Australian bowler, visited Woolwich arsenal, in England, he bowled through the electric screens in use for measuring the velocity of projectiles. It was found that, at a point representing half way between the wickets, the velocity of Turner's ball was 81 feet per second, or fifty miles an hour. At this rate the ball would traverse the pitch in 22-27ths of a second. Several bowlers, however, as, for instance, Richardson, the Surrey professional, and Jones, the Australian, bowl faster than Turner, and this would bring their pace to the mile per minute.

Reckoning Carloads in Siberia.

It is somewhat remarkable and eminently suggestive to notice the prevailing way the carrying capacity of railway cars is commonly reckoned in Siberia. One carload is commonly reckoned as eight horses or forty men, not as in America, 20,000 or 40,000 pounds. Such nomenclature came naturally from the idea that the proper use of railways among a warlike nation is to carry men, horses or munitions of war, rather than merchandise. Fortunately the mission of the railway has ever been for peace and for the benefit of mankind rather than for its destruction.

[illegible] Dr. Boyd thinks the results of the congress will be important. The chief question interesting the profession is the preparation of an effective serum to combat the disease. The most promising work in this connection is that of Dr. Behring, one of the most prominent of the European specialists. The results obtained by Dr. Behring have attracted the attention of the medical world and are being pushed as rapidly as is consistent with careful scientific work. The profession sees no reason why the development of the tuberculosis serum should not revolutionize the mortality rate in consumption as much as has the development of the anti-toxine of diphtheria. The development of consumptive sanitariums in Europe is another matter that has attracted much interest among the profession on this side of the Atlantic. It is assured that the disease in its earlier stages can be checked. With the building up of the patient's general condition he is less liable to a recurrence of the disease after leaving the institution, even if the lung tissues already destroyed cannot be replaced. Even in advanced stages the disease can be so checked that an individual may, with care and a good climate, live out his allotted span with only a fraction of the lung area possessed by a normal subject. Preparations are being made for the establishment of a consumptive ranch in the high and dry region of the southwestern states for the benefit of the merchant marine. There is a large percent of consumptives in this service, though there is little trouble with it in the navy, the physical examination there weeding out practically all suspicious cases before they enter the service. The chief objection to the location, as planned, for the marine sanitarium is the long distance inland, making the transportation of invalids difficult and expensive. Good results are expected, however, from the new venture.

Cherry Clippers at Work.

The little birds about the size of the thumb, sometimes called "cherry clippers," have made their appearance. Dr. Dav. Raffety of Portland, Ore., discovered them in his cherry tree. He threw a clod into the tree, and a cloud of the tiny birds issued from the top. In a short time they would have materially curtailed the crop. Dr. Raffety says the birds are armed with a bill like a pair of scissors. They attack the flowers midway between the bloom and bud, and in a few minutes the ground underneath the tree will be covered with the scissored buds. They are so small that they are hardly noticed, and the great damage they do is attributed to other causes.

Beecher Liked Warner's Writings.

The late Charles Dudley Warner's "My Summer Garden" had been refused by two Boston publishers when the author met Henry Ward Beecher one evening at the home of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, near whom Mr. Warner lived in Hartford. Mrs. Stowe spoke so well of the book that Mr. Beecher asked to see it, and, having read the manuscript, exerted his influence and had it published.

Honored President Pritchett.

The closing feature of the inauguration of President Henry Smith Pritchett of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology was a parade by the students through the streets of Boston. There were 1,200 boys in line, and they paraded through nearly every street in the fashionable Back Bay.

The most soothing, healing and antiseptic application ever devised is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It relieves at once and cures piles, sores, eczema and skin diseases. Beware of imitations. W. T. Hill, Antioch.

Opponent of Vivisection.

The late Lord Bute was one of the most ardent opponents of vivisection, and at one time consented to sign a transfer of an infirmary to University college at Cardiff as a trustee only on the condition that the college should never practice vivisection.

The merited reputation for curing piles, sores and skin diseases acquired by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has led to the making of worthless counterfeits. Be sure to get only DeWitt's Salve. W. T. Hill.

Pepsin Syrup Co. DeWitt, Ia.

Gents:—I cannot recommend Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin too highly. It has been a great benefit to me.

Very truly, Ray Buckley.

Sold by W. T. Hill.

Spurgeon's South London Tabernacle.

The newly-restored Metropolitan Tabernacle of Newington-butts, in South London (Spurgeon's) has been opened free of debt. The old Tabernacle cost £31,352 4s, 10d; the new one, with its corner hall, £44,576.

Pointed Picturesqueness.

A Missouri editor thinks it quite sad to see a young husband supporting a sealskin wife on a muskrat salary. For pointed picturesqueness of expression the Missouri rural editor takes the corn pone.—Denver Post.

Such little pills as DeWitt's Little Early Risers are very easily taken and they are wonderfully effective in cleansing the liver and bowels. W. T. Hill, Antioch.

LITERARY NOTES.

A careful character study of the Emperor William will appear in McClure's Magazine for January. In this article the author, Mr. Ray Stannard Baker, shows that he has given to his work equal care and discernment. The result is an illuminating account of the man and the sovereign.

A Clean Magazine Pays.

The large circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal and its great success has demonstrated that a popular periodical can adhere to a clean, wholesome literature and receive the support of a large part of the American public. It is a popular impression in some quarters that this is not possible. Pessimists are wont to say that only the sensational and suggestive in literature can succeed: that only the unclean plays prosper on the stage: that only the hotels which have a bar as a prominent feature can have a profitable patronage. But the American public constantly refutes these allegations and shows their fallacy.—Edward Bok, in the January Ladies' Home Journal.

◆

Public Sale.

The undersigned intending to quit the dairy business, will make a closing out sale of entire stock, on Spring Valley Farm, owned by Dr. Peter Fahrney, of Chicago, 3 miles west of Wadsworth, 1-2 mile east of Millburn, at 9 o'clock, on Tuesday, January 8, 1901, the following property: Two thoroughbred bulls, 1 thoroughbred short-horn 4 years old, 79 milch cows, 19 two-year-old heifers, 47 head of yearling heifers, some fine Holsteins; 5 head two-year-old steers, good feeders; 59 head of yearling steers, 51 head spring calves. Farm Machinery. One hundred and fifty 8-gallon milk cans. Will offer fifty cords of hard wood on day of the sale. Free lunch. W. H. Fahrney, Manager.

J. H. Ocker, Supt. of Farm. Avey & Fahrney, Auctioneers. W. J. White, J. A. Thain, Clerks of sale.

◆

Students Returning Home

for holiday vacations can, upon presentation of proper credentials, obtain tickets via the Nickel Plate Road, to all points in Central Passenger Association territory, at a fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets will be sold on day of closing school and on the day immediately preceding closing date; good returning until date school reconvenes, but not later than January 8, 1901.

For information as to train service to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Fostoria, Erie and other points, call on or address John Y. Calahan, General agent, 111 Adams St. Chicago Passenger Station, VanBuren St. and Pacific Avenue, on the Elevated Loop.

◆

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. J. W. Gardner, of Idaville, Ind., says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he don't care whether he lives or dies. It gave me new strength and good appetite. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at drug stores.

◆

Northern Wisconsin Railroad Lands

are increasing in value from year to year. Railroads are the great civilizers, for they give the settler as well as the manufacturer equal opportunity to work in undeveloped fields, thereby rapidly settling the country and brings forth its undiscovered riches. Northern Wisconsin is rich in iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl, timber and fine farm lands. It has made many a settler independent and added to the wealth of manufacturers who have sought this territory. Opportunities have not passed, as there is still a generous supply of land which can be obtained at low figures and on easy terms.

◆

A Woman for Speaker of the House.

Mrs. Evangeline Heartz, the only woman elected to the legislature in Colorado, is being talked of for Speaker of the House, an honor, for which many men are now fighting. She made one the best records of any of the members in the last House and is said to be eminently fitted for the position. She always stands for fair play without fear or favor.

◆

Paid Dear For His Leg.

B. D. Blanton, of Thackerville, Tex., in two years paid over $300.00 to doctors to cure a Running Sore on his leg. They wanted to cut it off, but he cured it with one box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Guaranteed cure for Piles. 25c a box. Sold by druggists.

◆

Rotterdam Eclipses Amsterdam.

Rotterdam, from its favorable situation, has gradually pulled ahead of Amsterdam and is now the most prosperous harbor in Holland. It has captured most of the German trade, and does an immense business with the United States.

◆

A Keen, Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's new life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25-cent box will make you feel like a new [illegible]. Sold by druggists.

[illegible] $5.40 [illegible] No. 2 [illegible] from a visit [illegible] 45c [illegible]

Great pre-inventory Sale of Winter Shoes

On account of the warm and unseasonable weather we have decided to suffer a loss on these shoes—at once—just at a time when you can use them to advantage. All good and new shoes—bought for this fall and winter trade.

Men's leather lined, blk Vici Kid Shoes with heavy winter soles—our $3.50 shoe for	$2.98
Men's Box Calf or Heavy Kid Shoes with heavy winter sole—our $3.00 shoe for	$2.48
Men's heavy leather Work Shoes with heavy tap-sole in lace—our $1.65 shoe for	$1.40
with heavy three sole in congress—our $1.75 shoe for	$1.40
Men's Satin Calf, medium weight shoes our strong seller at $1.65 now for	$1.40
Men's Grain Congress Plow Shoes Men's Grain Buckle Plow Shoes, our good $1.25 value goes for	$1.05

G. R. LYON & CO.,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES

RAPIDLY DEVELOPING
NORTHERN WISCONSIN

The settler and manufacturer who have located in the northern portion of the Badger State, are developing and improving that immense tract of rich country very rapidly. Tillers of the soil are coming in and new factories are going up. There is reason for this. The quality and quantity of iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl and timber lands tell the secret. Nature yields its riches to those who toil. Opportunities are still plentiful, for much of the rich undeveloped land is awaiting the settler and manufacturer. It can be obtained on easy terms and at low figures.

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the pioneer road of the northern section of Wisconsin, affords cheap and excellent transportation facilities, thus opening the markets of the entire country to the products of that section. Those interested can obtain free illustrated pamphlets and maps upon application to
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Can be Saved!
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THE OLDEST AND
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A FAST SELLER. NO HUMBUG. CLEAN.
SMOKELESS. ODORLESS. WATERPROOF. BRILLIANT. DURABLE.
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WANTED—ACTIVE MAN OF GOOD CHARACTER to deliver and collect in Illinois for old established manufacturing wholesale house. [illegible] a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago 2w16

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has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire at the BANK OF ATNIOCH.
29y1

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State of Illinois, Lake County, } ss. [illegible]
[illegible]

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WE ARE POSITIVELY SHOWING THE

LARGEST STOCK

It has been our good luck to show PRICES THE LOWEST IN THE HISTORY OF TRADE

Please Call and Inspect our Stock. It Must be Seen to be Appreciated

TOYS AT COST AND BELOW

DOLL CABS AT COST TO CLOSE OUT.

ALL DOLLS GREATLY REDUCED

18 pounds of Granulated Sugar for	$1.00
Pillsbury's Best Flour, per barrel	4.25
Reindeer Seeded Raisins, pound package	.09
Oriole " " " "	.10
Currants, pound package	.12
Lemons, per dozen	.10
Fancy bulk raisins, per pound	.08
Choice Mixed Candy, per pound	.04
Choice Mixed Nuts, per pound	.08
Fancy Vermont Sage Cheese, per pound	.16
Booth's Standard Bulk Oysters, per quart	.29

F. D. Battershall, Grayslake.

Village Officers.

President	E. B. Sherman
Trustees	O. Barron, O. Richardson, F. C. Wilbur, F. Battershall, C. B. Harvey, Dr. E. F. Shaffer
Clerk	E. T. DeVoe
Treasurer	H. H. Neville
Police Magistrate	John J. Longabaugh
Marshall	F. Frazier

Secret Societies.

RISING SUN Lodge No. 115 A. F. & A. M. hold regular communications Monday evening on or before full moon. S. C. Litwilder W. M. J. J. Longabaugh, Sec'y.

SOROSIS Chapter No. 329 Order Eastern Star meet first and third Tuesday evenings. Mrs. Carrie Higley, W. M. Mrs. Sadie Mead, Sec.

GRAYSLAKE Camp No. 1341 M. W. A. meet second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month. J. Murrie, V. C. John Christian, Clerk.

COURT OF HONOR No. 164 meeting 1st and 3rd Saturdays of each month, E. L. Rose, W. C. Mrs. V. Burge, Rec.

MIZPAH Camp No. 286 R. N. A. meet second and fourth Tuesday evenings each month. Mrs. Viola Kapple, Oracle, Mrs. Mary G. Morrill, Rec.

CONGREGATIONAL Church Sunday services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings. Y. P. S. C. E. meet Sunday evenings at 6:45 p. m. Juniors meet Sunday 3 p. m. Sabbath School 11:30 a. m. Rev. Stevens, Pastor.

W. C. T. U. meetings every alternate Friday from 2 to 4 p. m. Mrs. E. Adams, Pres. Mrs. Florence Lusk, Rec. Sec.

ROCKEFELLER Lodge No. 815 I. O. O. F. meetings 2nd and 4th Thursdays. W. Doolittle, N. G. A. McMillen, Sec'y.

GRAYSLAKE Lodge M. W. W. No. 182 meetings 2nd and 4th Friday. E. Moore, W. M. P. A. Robinson, Sec'y

Grayslake Local.

A. D. Buell was at Elkhorn over Sunday

A. J. Leonard, of Elgin, called on friends here Friday.

Mrs. Pickering is entertaining relatives from Chicago.

Charles Longabaugh, of Wheaton, spent the holidays with his parents here.

Mr. Payne, of Iowa, visited over New Year's with his friend R. B. Godfrey.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. White spent New Years with Mr. White's parents at Loon Lake.

W. Parker, of Hainsville, was called to Chicago on Friday by the death of his Brother.

Mrs. Robinson, of Barrington, spent Friday with her sister, Mrs. Fisher, who is still very sick.

Mr. Fisher, of Dakota, arrived here New Year's day, called here by the serious illness of his mother.

Miss Fenlon returned to her home in Ravenswood on Saturday, after spending a number of days with her aunt, [illegible] A. W. Harvey.

On Friday while Earnest Moore's hired man was driving a team they ran away, throwing him from the wagon and breaking his ankle.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman entertained her brothers, Henry and Charles Allardt, and Mr. Solliman, of Chicago, also other friends and relatives over New Years.

The remains of Mrs. Blunt was brought here from Kansas on Friday. Funeral services were held on Sunday, from the home of her Sister, Mrs. George Hendee. She was also a sister of Mrs. Joseph Litweilder, of Taylor's Lake.

Many were grieved to hear of the sudden death of Mr. John Scott that occurred at Barrington about 5:30 New Year's morning. He was a fireman on a suberbian passenger train on the North-Western road. Thro some carlessness of some one the switch was left open and his engine run into the open switch, four coaches were attached, but none of the passengers injured, as only the engine was run from the track. The engineer was hurt internally and no hope of his recovery. About a year and a half ago Mr. Scott married Miss Onie Gilmore, of Gage's Corners. They had lived at Desplaines up to a short time ago when they moved to Barrington. He had bid his young wife and little baby good bye about a half an hour before the terrible accident happened. Mr. Scott was a young man whom his kindly ways won for him the respect of all who knew him. [illegible] bereaved ones have the sincere sympathy of their many friends here.

[illegible] has death [illegible] Grayslake and [illegible] it a lov[illegible] Saturday [illegible] December [illegible] She [illegible] health [illegible] was taken [illegible] and gradually [illegible] the time of her death. Her loved ones were constantly at her bed side to minister to her wants. Mrs. Morrill was 68 years of age; of quiet, loving disposition. Her every thought was to aid others especially those dear to hear. She was one loved and respected by all who knew her. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, a devoted daughter, two sons, three sisters and three brothers. Her mother, Mrs. Hendee, having passed beyond about two months ago. The funeral was hed at the Congregational church at this place, of which she was a member, Rev. Stevens officiating. Being a member of the Eastern Star the beautiful ceremony of the order was gone through with after the regular services at the church. The sorrowing ones have the sincere sympathy of the community.

* * *

Persons who suffer from indigestion can not expect to live long, because they can not eat the food required to nourish the body and the products of the undigested foods they do eat poison the blood. It is important to cure indigestion as soon as possible, and the best method of doing this is to use the preparation known as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and restores all the digestive organs to perfect health. Wm. T. Hill.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Mrs. R. Shotliff is on the sick list.

Misses Alice and Mary Stevens spent a few days of last week in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Engel, of Chicago, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bacon.

The Ladies' Aid Society meets with Mrs. James Gray Thursday afternoon of this week.

Prayer meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. C. B. Gaines on Thursday evening of this week.

Miss Emily Hunt, of Pleasant Prairie, was the guest of Miss Edith Murdock a few days of the past week.

Miss Emma Lacey, of Chicago, is spending the week with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. William Perigo.

Mrs. Amelia Silsdorf Swartz, of Juda, Wis., called on old friends and acquaintances in our village last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Tourtelotte and niece Miss Tourtelotte, of Milwaukee, were the guests of Mrs. Ellis and daughter Grace, Saturday and Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Whitcher and family moved to their new home in Kenosha the first part of this week where Mr. Whitcher will begin his duties as sheriff.

Miss Georgie Stonebreaker, who has been spending her Christmas vacation at home, returned to Rockford where she is attending school, the first part of this week

The Young Ladies' Missionary Society will hold a special meeting at the home of Mrs. Frank Burroughs Friday afternoon, January 11, to work on quilt. A full attendance desired.

Most of the young people of this vicinity attended the watch-night party at the home of Miss Addie Barter, of Pleasant Prairie, on Monday evening of this week. A jolly good time is reported.

Rev. J. S. Davis, of Appleton, Wisconsin, occupied the pulpit at the M. E. church of this place, both morning and evening, on last Sabbath. He spoke in the interest of Lawrence University, giving his hearers a very able and interesting discourse.

Miss Lillian Boundford, formerly of this village, and Mr. Adam Rheingans, of Kenosha, were married at high noon, December 25th, at the home of the bride's parents, in Kenosha. The happy couple have the congratulations and best wishes of their [illegible] friends in this vicinity.

[illegible] Ida Schaffer and Mr. Fred Moore [illegible] on Christmas [illegible] at the home [illegible] parents [illegible] Frank [illegible]

LAKE VILLA.

[illegible] is visiting with his sister, Mrs. [illegible] Kerr.

Mrs. Frank Nelson received a pony for a Christmas present.

W. J. Darby has been sick for the last few days but is now convalescent.

The Sunday school re-elected officers last Sunday. James Kerr was elected Superintendent, Charles Harbaugh Assistant Superintendent, Misses Day and Alta Baker Secretary and assistant; W. J. Darby, Treasurer.

The following are the newly elected officers of the Epworth League for the ensuing year: President, Miss Mabel Richards; 1st Vice President, Addie Shepardson; 2nd V. P., Mrs. O. Gard; 3rd V. P., Mrs. Emma Kerr; 4th V. P., Martha Richards; Secretary and Treasurer, William Kingsley.

Revival services began at the church last Monday evening. Rev. F. W. Barnum, of Chicago, is assisting the pastor. The interest in the meetings is splendid. Rev. Stevens, of Grayslake, and Rev. Aikin, of Antioch, are expected during the week. Come and bring your friends. The pastor expects extra help over Sunday.

* * *

This season there is a large death rate among children from croup and lung troubles. Prompt action will save the little ones from these terrible diseases. We know of nothing so certain to give instant relief as One Minute Cough Cure. It can also be relied upon in grippe and all throat and lung troubles of adults. Pleasant to take. Wm. T. Hill.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Rev. Mr. Bowdesh preached his farewell sermon Sunday.

Mrs. W. F. Wentworth returned home from Chicago Saturday.

Mrs. and Miss Bater will give a church social Friday evening, January 11th.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Pantall, who have been visiting in Chicago, returned on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Taylor, of Chicago, are spending a few days with Dr. and Mrs. Taylor.

The Millburn Insurance Company will hold their annual meeting Saturday, January 12, 1091.

The officers elected by Antioch Lodge, No. 127, A. F. & A. M., will be installed Thursday evening.

Will the parties who picked up the Fox Terrier Christmas afternoon kindly return same to E. A. Martin.

Wm. Mitchell and E. A. Martin were elected trustees of the Millburn Congregational church on Saturday, at the annual meeting.

Quite a number of the ladies received calls New Year's day and also quite a number of young gents attended the masquerade ball at Antioch the same evening.

* * *

Pepsin preparations often fail to relieve indigestion because they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It cures the worst cases of indigestion and gives instant relief, for it digests what you eat. Wm. T. Hill.

FOX LAKE.

J. Atwell had the wood sawers Friday.

C. Glossner and family have returned to their home.

Mr. Honeywell has returned to his home in Wisconsin.

Miss Eva Culver was a Grayslake visitor Monday and Tuesday.

The M. W. A. and R. N. A. camps at Lake Villa will join in installation of officers on the second Tuesday in January.

The remains of Mrs. M. M. Blunt, of Kansas, were brought to Illinois last week and the funeral was held at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. A. Hendee, Sunday morning, after which they were placed in the Fox Lake cemetery.

* * *

When threatened with pneumonia or any other lung trouble, promp relief is necessary, as it is dangerous to delay. We would suggest that One Minute Cough Cure be taken as soon as indications of having taken cold are noticed. It cures quickly and its early use prevents consumption. Wm. T. Hill.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases. This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

was one of the first roads to penetrate the vast Northern Wisconsin Wilderness which stretches across the state from east to west. [illegible] has developed from year to year [illegible] offers the best of transportion [illegible] enabling [illegible] the products [illegible] section to any [illegible] in the world. [illegible] pamphlets [illegible] obtained by [illegible] Killey [illegible] and Indus- [illegible] Gen. [illegible] Jas. [illegible] Abbot Bldg.

AGE OF OYSTERS.

[illegible]

The oyster at the commencement of its career is so small that two millions would only occupy a square inch. In six months each individual oyster is large enough to cover a quarter, and in twelve months a half dollar. The oyster is its own architect, and the shell grows as the fish inside grows, being never too small. It also bears its age upon its back, and it is easy to tell the age of an oyster by looking at its shell, as that of horses by looking at their teeth. Every one who has handled an oyster shell must have noticed the successive layers overlapping each other. These are technically termed "shots," and each one marks a year's growth, so that by counting them the age of the oyster can be determined. Up to the time of its maturity—that is, when four years of age—the shots are regular and successive, but after that time they become irregular, and are piled one upon another, so that the shell grows bulky and thickened. Fossil oysters have been seen of which each shell was nine inches thick, whence they may be guessed to be more than nine hundred years old. One million to two million oysters are produced by a single parent, and their scarcity may be accounted for the fact that man is not the only oyster-eating animal. The starfish loves the oyster and preys upon it unceasingly. A variety of whelk is also very fond of young oysters, to get at which it bores right through the shell and sucks the fish up through the hole thus made.

Company Sued for Alimony.

The Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company of Pittsburg is being practically sued for alimony by Mrs. Marie Jutte, who some years ago secured a decree against her husband. He was then senior member of the coal firm of C. Jutte & Co., which subsequently was absorbed by the larger concern. Two years ago Mr. Jutte left this country, and now his former wife brings suit against the coal company, alleging that this is the only method by which she can obtain the allmony granted in court.

Reconsidered

A Topeka man lost a small opal set out of his ring and went to the jeweler to have it replaced. Returning home he found the lost set and putting it in his mouth for safe keeping, hurried back to the jeweler's to have that set used instead of the new opal. Rushing into the store he said: "Say, I've found the old set, so don't use that new one." He attempted to remove the stone from his mouth, gave a gulp, looked sheepish, and said: "I guess you'll have to use the new stone." That man needed a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Sold by W. T. Hill.

False Teeth as Legacy.

Mrs. Henrietta Chase of Danbury, Conn., died recently, leaving quite a little property to various persons. To Alanson Chase, who was supposed to be her favorite nephew, she bequeathed "my set of false teeth, which will be found in the upper right-hand drawer of my bureau." The young man at once concluded that his aunt must have concealed some diamonds or other precious stones in the set of teeth. Accordingly he smashed up his bequest, but found no jewels. He will now contest the will.

Just Saved His Life.

It was a thrilling escape that Charles Davis of Bowerston, O., lately had from a frightful death. For two years a severe lung trouble constantly grew worse until it seemed he must die of consumption. Then he began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and lately wrote: "It gave instant relief and effected a permanent cure." Such wonderful cures have for 25 years proven its power to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at drug stores.

Bookworm of Police Force.

Tunis V. Holbrow, known in New York as "the bookworm of the police force," has just retired on a pension after forty years of service. He was a sergeant, and for a long time has been in charge of the house of detention. He is an expert on rare volumes, of which he has a choice collection, after selling enough to realize a good deal of money. Mr. Holbrow speaks several languages and is an artist of no mean attainment.

To Whom It May Concern:

We wish to notify the citizens of this county that we have secured the agency for Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the great cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache and stomach Trouble, and guarantee it do as recommended. We always keep the best drugs on hand and solicit a call, promising the very best of everything.

Yours truly, W. T. HILL.

The Game of Whist.

A neat booklet issued by the Wisconsin Central railroad, fully giving all the laws governing the game of Whist and Duplicate Whist, as well as other valuable information can be obtained by addressing Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis. 3w11

Ayling Brothers Ink.

The News office has just received a new stock of Ayling Brothers Jet Black Ink, non-corrosive and absolutely chemical proof. Try a bottle and if you don't agree with us in saying that it is the best ink you ever used we will cheerfully refund you your money. Only 5 cents per bottle.

SOME WONDERFUL [illegible]

[illegible]

From Modder river [illegible] Cormac, England's [illegible] geon, who took the [illegible] diers in South Africa [illegible] don Lancet an interesting [illegible] on the remarkable [illegible] has seen recently. The [illegible] ber of these wounds [illegible] caused by the Mauser bullet [illegible] ly all presented the character[illegible] tures—a small circular [illegible] pressed area covered by a [illegible] The exit wounds often were similar but a little larger, sometimes presenting a scar like an incised wound and difficult to discover. When I saw them a week or ten days after the injury they were for the most part healed. How these bullets fail to damage vital structures lying immediately in their path is nothing short of marvelous. The proportion of fatal chest wounds to those that are recovered from is believed to be small, but what the proportion precisely is cannot yet be learned. It is abundantly clear that one lung and often both lungs may be traversed, and in many directions, without causing grave symptoms, and often without producing any symptoms of lung trouble at all." A private who looked extremely well and said he had nothing to complain of had a hole seven inches long and three inches wide in his chest, which involved the lungs. Part of three of his ribs were carried away and the lung was exposed. The soldier lay in a trench on the field from 2:30 to 5 o'clock before he could be attended to. He was carried to the hospital at 12:30 o'clock that night. Another [illegible] was hit in the middle of the [illegible] the bullet passed out the back [illegible] neck. He had a little heada[illegible] some trouble in swallowing, [illegible] days the wound healed and [illegible] apparently was perfectly wel[illegible]

A French Fraud.

The Parisians are copying [illegible] proverbial Yankee in shrew[illegible] like all imitators, they lack [illegible] of the genuine. It now seem[illegible] the Paris exhibition, what [illegible] posed to be the biggest te[illegible] the world, and which was to [illegible] moon within four miles of [illegible] is a fake. The moon thus [illegible] always a full moon. In fact [illegible] scope is no telescope at a[illegible] proper sense of the word, for [illegible] of the object glass is a large [illegible] parency of the moon. No [illegible] whether the moon in the sky be [illegible] or in the quarters, the view show[illegible] always in the full. Now, if this [illegible] been a Yankee, he would at least h[illegible] carried the joke far enough to represent Luna in all her phases.—Philadelphia Record.

Golf in Singapore.

"Singapore is only 60 miles from the equator. It averaged about 82 degrees at midnight. I played golf once, just nine holes, and then quit, and I was a spectacle—fairly wet through. We played over a Chinese graveyard, around the lunatic asylum and hospital, and finished on the lawn of the orphan asylum. The links are very sporty, the tombs serving for bunkers and other hazards, while a ball driven over the wall of the lunatic asylum is lost and you lose stroke and distance. The tombs are slowly being hacked to pieces by the wild efforts of the players to get the balls out of the crevices in the bricks."—Collier's Weekly.

To Help Deserving Students.

Frank Williams of Johnstown, Pa., left nearly $300,000 in his will to Lehigh University, where he had been a student. The fund is to be named after him, and its income is to be loaned to poor and deserving students who shall give their individual notes. None of the notes are to run longer than ten years, and when paid the money is to be returned to the fund, thus making it constantly increase.

Armored Trains.

The armored trains which figured so prominently in the fighting around Ladysmith were put together at the railway shops at Durban. The train is composed of a powerful engine, tender, and three 20-ton trucks, the sides of which have been raised to over six feet high, with one-half inch boiler plates, loop-holed with vertical slots for the men to fire through.

Big Operator and Planner.

Here is a late appreciation of Joseph Chamberlain, written by an American abroad: "He is the master of Englishmen of today, the big operator, the great grasping planner of vast works, and he has the coolness and nerve of Jay Gould, the alert brain of James Hill of the Great Northern railroad, with the charm and ease and suavity of William C. Whitney."

Happiness Is Secret of Beauty.

Baroness Cederstrom (Adelina Patti) says: "Happiness is the true keynote and secret of beauty." She declares that she has, therefore, deliberately banished care from her life, because care means wrinkles.

Earth Seen from Moon.

As seen from the moon the earth would appear four times greater in diameter and 13 times wider in surface than the moon does to us. The illumination of the earth is 14 times greater on the moon than the moon is on the earth.

Indians and the Franchise.

An Indian may not vote so long as he remains a member of a tribe; but if he gives up his tribal relationship and becomes a citizen, he may vote under the same conditions as any other citizen.

[illegible] ness in women. There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," neither does it contain opium, cocaine, nor any other narcotic.

"It gives me much pleasure," writes Miss Ella Sapp, of Jamestown, Guilford Co., N.C., "to thank Dr. Pierce for the great good received from the use of his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I had suffered for three years or more at monthly periods. I would die with pain [illegible] I could not stand [illegible] had given up all [illegible] one of my frien[illegible] Pierce's Favori[illegible] faith I tried [illegible] bottle I felt [illegible] slept better. [illegible] 'Favorite P[illegible] Medical Disc[illegible] entirely cur[illegible] time, when [illegible]

[illegible] Public Notice [illegible] Administra[illegible] deceased [illegible] County, at a [illegible] Court House [illegible] first Monday [illegible] where all pers[illegible] tate are notifie[illegible] same to said Co[illegible]

ALEX[illegible] Administrator.

Waukegan, Dec. 11, [illegible]

Through Sleeping Car

From CHICAGO To

HOT SPRINGS

ARKANSAS, VIA MEMPHIS.

Without Change

The Illinois Central is now running a through Pullman sleeping car [illegible]

[illegible] General Pass. Ag't, Chicago.

GENERAL

BLACKSMITHING

WAGON WORK AND REPAIRS

Our Shop is Complete

and we are now prepared to do anything in the line of

HORSESHOEING,

WAGON WORK and

GENERAL REPAIRING

All Work Guaranteed

Your Patronage Solicited.

Kelly & Garrett [illegible]

CHAPTER [illegible]

"Antonio St. Marc [illegible] at this juncture, [illegible] perhaps you might [illegible] you know about it."

This was spoken in [illegible] tone, and before St. Marc answered, he directed the servants to withdraw. As soon as they were gone he turned to Tudel and in a low, decided tone he said:

"Senor, you seem to hint that I have had some hand in getting Irene away from here."

"Upon my soul, you hit the mark most wondrous well," returned the pirate, deridingly.

"I should think I might hit that part of it, since you have given me so good di- [illegible] which way to look. But let this be settled. I know nothing of [illegible] whereabouts, and as true as [illegible] m as much surprised to find [illegible] ou can be."

[illegible] the his host in the face for [illegible] and the expression which [illegible] y told what his feelings [illegible]

[illegible] ing fro[illegible]

"I am[illegible]

"Then y[illegible] You have, you lying traitor[illegible]

"Jilok Tudel, leave [illegible] Leave it before I strike you!"

The pirate's eyes flash[illegible] fire. Naturally reckless and impetuous, this provocation startled the last lingering passion into action; the loss of Irene had irritated him enough to make him angry, and now, believing as he did that the man before him had used some effort to get the girl away, he could contain himself no longer. And he was not very far out of the way in most of his suspicion. St. Marc had hoped that Tudel might never get the maiden's hand, and he had shown his feelings so plainly that a man with less wit than the pirate possessed might have read them. A few moments Tudel gazed his companion steadily in the face. He was very pale, and his lip quivered with passion.

"Antonio St. Marc," he said, in a low, hoarse whisper, "now mark me—since I have been in the city this last time, you have shown plainly that you hoped I should not gain possession of Irene's hand, you were sorry that the Yankees did not keep and hang me, you cannot deny this."

"I shall not deny it," interposed St. Marc.

"And," resumed Tudel, seeming not to have noticed the remark, "this morning you arose and ate your breakfast, and went out without inquiring for her as you had always done before. And you had a good reason for so doing. You knew she was gone, and you meant not that pursuit should be instituted too soon. Now, senor—where is she?"

St. Marc's only reply was an oath of defiance.

"That's your game, eh?" uttered Tudel, advancing a step. "Miserable traitor, try this and see——"

The concluding part of the sentence was swallowed up in a fierce gasp of rage. St. Marc raised his arm, but he could not defend his face from the blow. The pirate's clenched fist came down upon his temple and felled him to the floor.

"There, St. Marc—that's but a beginning of what you'll get if you don't bring Irene back!"

And with these words Jilok Tudel strode from the apartment. It was some moments after the pirate had gone before St. Marc arose to his feet—and then his first impulse was to rush after the man who had struck him; but he checked himself, and paced up and down the apartment. His head felt dizzy, and a dull pain followed a full return of consciousness. He had just concluded to go to his chamber and lie down for awhile, when one of his servants announced that a man wished to see him, at the same time handing him a card.

"Show him in," said the host, after he had held the card up towards the window and looked at it.

It was nearly dark now, and St. Marc drew the curtains before the servant came back. He had just returned to his [illegible] when the door was opened. The newcomer was a gaudily dressed man, in middle age of life, and bore himself [illegible]

[illegible] San Benito, at your [illegible]

"Ah, my dear San Benito, and I'm glad to see you, too."

"Thank you. I was down this way, and I thought I'd just drop in. I've got a proposition for you!"

San Benito cast his eyes furtively about him as he spoke, and his every look showed that he had something of importance to communicate.

"I'm open to a proposition from you, San Ben, at any time, so out with it."

"But this must be as secret as the grave," returned the visitor, gazing around again as before.

"You may trust me, I think," said St. Marc, curiously.

"O, I know I may; only I wanted it understood."

Here the man hesitated for some moments, and he had just made his lips up for a speech, when he discovered the livid appearance of his host's right temple, and he asked what had caused it.

"O—nothing—nothing but a mere accident. But I'll explain it after you have stated your case. Come, go on."

"Well, St. Marc—in the first place, I think you have no very great love for Jilok Tudel."

The host started, and his hands were involuntarily clenched.

"Go on," he uttered. "I'll tell you about that villain anon."

"Well," resumed San Benito, rather nervously, "I must speak plainly; and so I'll come to the point at once. I have [illegible] Donna Irene, and I love her. I have [illegible] the very thoughts of [illegible] the promise of her hand [illegible] Tudel out of your way. Mind [illegible] serious in this. I'll have him [illegible] of his mother earth before [illegible] can rise and set, if you'll but [illegible] occasion."

[illegible] Marc started to his feet; [illegible] tempted to speak, but both [illegible] and thought. At length, [illegible] said:

[illegible] you asked me what made [illegible] on my temple. It was Jilok [illegible] Irene has fled, and he [illegible] with aiding her off. He [illegible] when I was unprepared, and [illegible] where Irene has gone I know [illegible] may be found. I shall have [illegible] del—stand as my second; if [illegible] come to me again, and we [illegible] this. Will you take a note [illegible] nge?"

[illegible] pleasure."

[illegible] arc sat down at once and wrote [illegible] llenge—brief, pointed and fiery—[illegible] ving sealed it he gave it to San [illegible], who promised to deliver it that evening.

"Wait, wait," said the host, as his visitor attempted to speak of Irene again. "Let this affair come off first. I am not apt to miss my mark!"

CHAPTER XV.

It was early morning, and Antonio St. Marc sat alone in his large private room. He sunk into a seat, and with his head bowed he pondered upon the incidents of his last interview with Irene. He was far from being a happy man; and yet there was no contriteness in his soul. There was disappointment there, and much anger. Thus he sat when the door of his apartment was suddenly thrown open, and Jilok Tudel entered. St. Marc started up and faced him. Both the men were pale, and both stood for a few moments like fixed statues. Tudel was the first to speak. He drew a note from his pocket, and showing it to the host, he said: "Did you write that, senor?"

"I did," returned St. Marc, without moving a muscle, save such as were necessary to the formation of speech.

"And you sent it?"

"I did."

"And you mean to fight me?"

"If you dare."

"Dare? Dare to stand before you? You—Antonio St. Marc! I only wondered if you were not out of your senses when you wrote it. I doubted your courage to face me in such a work."

"Say you hoped I would not meet you and I shall believe you."

"Ah—you can use your tongue. But we are to have no more of that. Come, senor. If you are ready, let us be on our way, for I have business to attend to, and should like to get through with this affair as soon as possible."

"I am at your service immediately. We will meet on the marsh at the angle of the great road. I will be there as soon as you."

"San Benito is below," said Tudel, and with these words he turned away.

As soon as the pirate was gone San Benito came up, and St. Marc ordered two horses to be brought to the court.

"I have engaged a surgeon," said the second.

"That is proper," returned St. Marc.

"I thought so," resumed San Benito. "You are both good shots, and it will hardly happen that both, if either, can escape untouched."

"You are right," answered the host, thoughtfully; and as he thus spoke he bowed his head and leaned his brow upon his hand.

"Senor," spoke the second, after a few moments of silence, "have you not some directions you would like to leave?"

"My dear friend," uttered St. Marc, starting up, "that is just what I have been thinking of. I cannot hide from myself the simple fact that Tudel is a good shot. He may get his first fire. If he does—but never mind. There is one thing of which I would write. I may detain Tudel longer than I promised, but I must write it now. Sit you down here, and I will write all I have to write as quickly as possible."

St. Marc opened a small escritoire and sat down before it, and having rung for a servant and ordered a lighted candle, he drew out a sheet of paper and commenced to write. He wrote very rapidly, but he was longer at it than he anticipated. However, it was finished at length, and having reviewed it he folded it carefully and then sealed it with wax. Then he superscribed it as follows: "For Martin [illegible]—if I fall!" He then placed it in the inner pocket of his velvet doublet, and turning to his companion, he [illegible]

[illegible] be added, [illegible] and in time [illegible] Irene."

"I have written all there [illegible]," St. Marc returned. "It is all [illegible]. And now let [illegible] to spare. Tudel is [illegible] now, waiting for us, and I [illegible] be there as soon as he."

St. Marc went to his [illegible] out a richly ornamented case [illegible] kept his pistols, and having [illegible] he went down to the court [illegible] horses were in waiting, and where they found the surgeon ready to accompany them. St. Marc's horses were fleet ones, and they were not many minutes in reaching the ground, which was only a mile and a half distant from the city.

"How now, senor?" cried Tudel, in a half-mocking tone, "were you doubtful about coming?"

"Never mind about that," was St. Marc's reply.

"He had business to keep him, senor," interposed San Benito.

"Aha—been preparing for his death, eh?"

These words grated harshly upon Antonio's ears, but he made no reply. At this moment two priests were seen approaching the spot—they were coming toward the city.

"Shall we wait until they have passed?" asked San Benito.

"No," returned Miguel, the man who had come out with Tudel, "let them come, for there may be some shriving to do. Their coming is most opportune."

In a few minutes the priests came up. Their features were dark from apparent exposure. One of them seemed quite young, though not younger than many others who have friends of influence in the church.

"How now, my children?" spoke the elder of the priests, gazing around upon the party.

"We are about to settle a difficulty, good father," returned St. Marc, "and in case either of us fall, you may give us consolation."

"Perhaps, if I did my duty," answered the priest, "I should try to stop this work, for there is a better and more noble method of settling——"

"Peace, good father," interrupted Tudel. "We must fight; and you can stop if you please, but you must not interfere."

Then turning to San Benito, he added: "Come, senor—we wait your motions."

St. Marc opened his case and took out his pistols, and asked his antagonist if he would like one of them. But Tudel had his own weapons, and he chose to use them. The seconds proposed that lots should be drawn for the fire, and that the distance should be fifteen paces. These propositions were agreed to; so two blades of coarse grass were obtained, one longer than the other, and the lower ends hidden in the surgeon's pocketbook—the one who drew the longest piece was to fire first. St. Marc had the first draw—and he drew the shortest piece.

"Will you continue?" asked Tudel.

"Take your place?" thundered the other, made mad by the taunt thus thrown out.

Jilok Tudel took his stand without further remark, and his antagonist boldly faced him, with his arms by his side.

"Are you ready?" asked Miguel.

"I am."

"So am I."

"Then—ready! One—two—three!"

Tudel fired—but St. Marc moved not. There was a perceptible tremor of frame for a single instant, and a twitching of the nether lip; but that was all.

"Are you hit?" asked Benito, hurrying to his side.

"Never mind. Count—quick!"

"One—two—three!"

As the last word sounded upon the air St. Marc fired. Tudel uttered a quick, low groan, and instinctively placed his hands to his left breast.

"You are hit!" Miguel cried, springing towards him.

"Back! back!" the pirate cried, furiously. "Give me the other pistol! Stand, St. Marc! I have one more shot!"

He caught the second pistol as he spoke and without a word St. Marc took his place.

"Quick—quick! count!"

"One—two——"

But ere the other word could be spoken the pirate's right arm sunk, and the pistol exploded, sending the ball into the ground close by his feet. His second sprang to his side, and almost at the same instant Antonio St. Marc staggered back and would have fallen, had not the younger of the two priests caught him and eased him back upon the greensward.

(To be continued.)

Had to Leave.

A lady had a cook who gave her every satisfaction, and she was under the impression that the cook was equally satisfied with her place. But one morning, to the lady's surprise, the cook gave her the usual month's notice.

"What do you want to leave for, Jane?" asked her mistress. "I am very much pleased with you, and I thought you were quite comfortable here."

"Yes, mum, I'm comfortable enough in a way, but——"

The cook hesitated, and hung about.

"But what?" queried her mistress.

"Well, mum," she blurted [illegible] fact is the master [illegible] ciate my cookery [illegible] a place where my [illegible] wasted, [illegible]"

"But what makes you [illegible] your master [illegible] cookery? Has he [illegible] you?" asked the lady.

"No, mum, but [illegible] always laid up [illegible] said he co[illegible] my cooker[illegible] ter here [illegible] the three [illegible] and that's [illegible] mum."—[illegible]

Women [illegible]

Among [illegible] roos in w[illegible] women. [illegible] and there [illegible] make it the [illegible] and captur[illegible]

[illegible] CENTURY [illegible]

[illegible]

With the exception of half a dozen every religious body in the United States and England has on hand some new century forward scheme. Methodists of England set the pace, and Methodists of the United States brought the idea over the Atlantic. The start was made along finances, and so it has come about that the religious emphasis of the new century observances is, on the whole, monetary rather than spiritual. Smaller religious bodies, and also religious societies, have copied the idea, and there is, at a moderate estimate, $100,000,000 asked by the religious bodies of the United States on the hinge of the advent of a new century.

Methodists have no fewer than four new century movements on hand. The principal of these is the raising of $20,000,000 with which to pay debts on churches, to strengthen charitable efforts, to endow colleges, and to help the funds for aged ministers. To date almost exactly $10,000,000 has been subscribed, the largest part for church debts. Churches in different cities are organizing, some have already done so, and with the advent of the new year they will make combined efforts to raise a fund with which to pay off debts on all churches within the respective city limits. About $3,500,000 has been subscribed for educational purposes, and nearly $1,000,000 for philanthropics. In England the Wesleyans have raised practically all of their 1,000,000 guineas.

Among educational institutions the university that has gotten the most to date is the Ohio Wesleyan, and the American at Washington has done next best. Together these institutions have raised over $1,000,000. Methodists have also a mission fund in hand. The Missionary Society will try to increase its receipts from $1,300,000 a year to $2,000,000. Methodists South seek to raise a fund of $2,000,000, to be employed in a manner similar to the $20,000,000 fund of Methodists North. The general conference in Chicago last summer authorized a spiritual movement, which aims to get 2,000,000 new members as a new century task. It placed Bishop Thoburn at the head of this movement, but his uncertain health throws much of the labor upon others.

Presbyterians Want Money.

Presbyterians North and South have financial new century schemes on hand, and the former have a Sunday school membership plan. The moderator of the General Assembly North, the Rev. Dr. Charles A. Dickey of Philadelphia, is spending his entire time in the interest of money raising. Presbyterians seek to pay church debts, provide for local improvements, help the work of the synods, endow colleges and mission boards, and increase offerings for work in China and other foreign fields. There is a Sunday school movement which seeks to get 500,000 children into Presbyterian schools in addition to the 1,000,000 already there.

Congregationalists have not entered heartily into a new century scheme either here or in England. The only plan in hand is the raising of $250,000 with which to strengthen the American board.

The suggestions made by the Baptists of the North are being adopted by Baptists, white and colored, in the South. These suggestions have a slight reference to money matters. The only reference is to greater system in giving to all denominational benevolences. During the opening week of the new century many Baptist churches will hold all-day prayer meetings, and the fourth Thursday in January will be kept as a day of prayer for colleges. On the third Sunday in April Baptist ministers will preach on denominational progress during the century, and at the anniversaries next May one day will be given to speeches on Baptist achievement in all the world.

Two years or more ago Roman Catholics discussed the plan of taking a census of numbers and property throughout the world, with a view of publishing early in the new century the impressive facts or data in mass and so making before the world such a tremendous showing as only the Church of Rome could make, of material and spiritual acievement. The holy year has been observed and the census idea seems to have been forgotten. At any rate the American churches are not yet in the work of taking this census. On the closing night of the century mass was said in all Catholic churches, a dispensation having come from Rome authorizing it at this unusual hour.

Episcopalians and Lutherans.

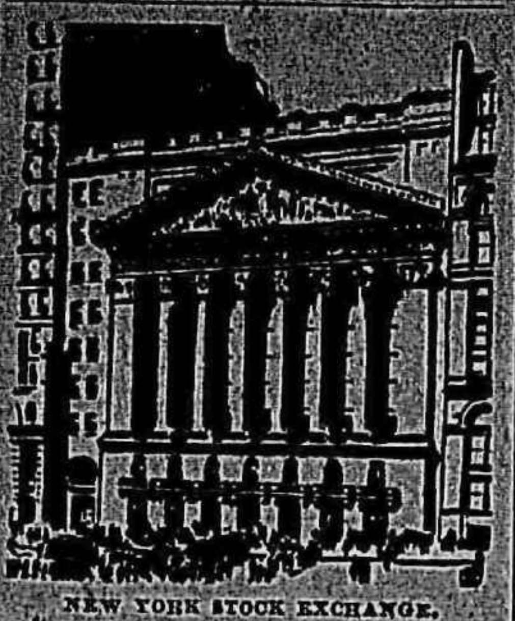
Episcopalians and Lutherans are not making much of the new century coming. The former will make much of the approaching Lent, not alone in a religious way, but also in the Sunday schools, [illegible] services [illegible] children in the schools [illegible] will [illegible] offerings for missions beyond the $100,000 [illegible] which they have had for several years, but have never yet reached. The new Brotherhood of St. Andrew [illegible] is trying to put new life into [illegible] ganization, and a part of its plan [illegible] holding of a summer instead of [illegible] national convention next [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] FOR CHANGE

[illegible] in the Wall [illegible] New York will be the [illegible] Stock Exchange, which [illegible] will be ready for occupancy [illegible] 1902. It will not be a [illegible] indeed, it will be only four [illegible] as this will give enough room [illegible] exchange. There will be no other [illegible]

The main entrance in Broad street will cover all the land occupied by the pres-



NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

ent structure, and, in addition, that on which the Western Union building stands, the property having been purchased by the exchange. The Broad street front will be depressed from the second floor to the pediment, and the greater part of the front will be of glass, which will insure an abundance of light and air. The building is to be set on caissons, and the foundations are to be sunk to a depth of sixty feet.

The whole building, the estimated cost of which is about $1,500,000, will be lighted by electricity generated by the exchange's own plant. The work of demolishing the present structure will begin on May 1 next.

After negotiating with each other for several months the envoys of the powers at Pekin signed the preliminary demands upon the Chinese government, and they were formally presented to Prince Ching, Li-Hung-Chang being too ill to pose as a joint recipient. The terms imposed on China are, as long ago decided upon, rigorous in the extreme. China must pay an indemnity, make abject apologies to Germany and Japan, punish the Boxer leaders, including seven members of the royal family, raze the forts protecting Pekin, permit permanent guards around fortified legations, and cease the manufacture of munitions of war. It is now reported at Pekin and Shanghai that China will not accept the terms; that the Emperor hesitates to behead the princes, that he does not wish to destroy his forts, and that he fears the presence of permanent legation troops in Pekin. If the Chinese imperial authorities persist in refusing the terms it remains for the powers to decide upon a new program. A new program is to be dreaded above all things, for it may mean quarrels between the rivals for influence in the far East and bring about partition of the Chinese empire, or even a general war.

-:—:-

The meeting of the shareholders of the Panama Canal Company in Paris on Thursday developed the fact that, while the directors of the company hope to transfer the enterprise to the United States government, the individual holders of the stock are opposed to American control of the waterway. For some unknown reason few people of the United States take the Panama canal enterprise seriously. The De Lesseps failure, however, was far from sounding the death knell to the project. According to scientific journals, the difficult engineering problems have been solved and thousands of men are being continually employed. Work has been opened up along the entire length of the canal. Fifteen of the forty-six miles have been dredged to the full width of the proposed waterway, and to a depth of from sixteen to twenty-nine and one-half feet. In a word, two-fifths of the work on the great enterprise has practically been completed.

-:—:-

Little seems to have come of the Boer invasion of Cape Colony. The Dutch residents of the British colony have not risen en masse to join the burghers, who are making a desperate resistance to [illegible] Kitchener's army, and the invad[illegible] themselves have been so [illegible] pursued that they have been compelled to abandon several guns and many [illegible]. In the Orange Free State the [illegible] generals are making a strenuous [illegible] to capture Gen. De Wet, who is [illegible] to be cornered—again—in the vicinity of Thaba N'Chu, in the western [illegible] the territory. Numerous minor [illegible] are reported daily in which [illegible] seem to be holding their own.

[illegible]

Washington's recent [illegible] was commemorative of a [illegible] that of the transfer of the seat of government 100 years ago from Philadelphia to the banks of the Potomac. Of the earliest capitol building practically only a tradition remains, as all save its walls were destroyed when the capitol, the President's house, the public offices, arsenal, navy yard and the bridge over the Potomac were burned by a British force of 700 men under Gen. Ross, Aug. 24, 1814. The actual loss then was only a trifle compared to what it would be to-day, when the capitol building itself and its furnishings represent an outlay of more than $30,000,000. The entire group of unrivaled government buildings could not be replaced for $100,000,000. Washington is perhaps the most magnificent capital city, merely as a capital, of the world. It has not been of rapid growth. Wisely laid out, with grand avenues radiating from the capitol, whose majestic dome dominates the landscape with only a single rival—the mighty shaft of the Washington monument—years and millions of money have been necessary to improve it and make it what it is to-day—a capital worthy of the greatest republic of history. The first census of the United States, taken in 1790, showed a population of 3,929,827; the second census, in 1800, marked an increase to 5,305,482—a nation small in numbers but with a growth in the past 100 years that is without a parallel. Even 100 years ago the great men of the republic foresaw its future with prophetic vision. President Adams congratulated "the people of the United States on the assembling of Congress at the permanent seat of their government" and bade it wisely to exercise its powers over Washington "as the capital of a great nation." A backward glance over the wonderful nineteenth century reveals nothing more remarkable than the steady and rapid progress of the United States, a progress fitly commembrated in the recent celebration at Washington.

-:—:-

While in Washington just before the holidays Lyman E. Cooley expressed his view of one detail of the army establishment as follows: "In the great monarchies of Europe, where military rule dominates the government, civil engineering work is done by civilian engineers and not any but strictly army work of that sort is done by the army engineers. In this free country of ours, in this democracy, a hereditary corps of army engineers does the civil work. The ablest man the army engineers ever had among their number was Gen. Warren, and he was practically cashiered at the battle of Five Forks by Gen. Sheridan because his scientific mind made it impossible for him to obey orders blindly."

-:—:-

A youthful husband, whose wife is a daughter of the Democratic Mayor of a large Eastern city, desired a position at Washington. He is from Pennsylvania and his wife's father's municipal stronghold is another State. But one of the Republican Senators from that State had a henchman "to take care of" in the city where the young man wooed and wed. "Give my Republican friend a place," said the Senator to the Mayor, "and I'll find one here for your son-in-law, although he is a Democrat and not from our State." The trade was made and the happy young couple are now enjoying life in Washington.

-:—:-

The State Department decides that the United States government cannot intervene in favor of Porto Rico in the matter of her claim against Cuba for $2,500,000. The Spanish government borrowed this amount from the Porto Ricans to prosecute the war in Cuba, basing the loan upon the revenues of the latter island. The United States holds that to sanction the collection of this claim against Cuba now would be to open the door to numberless other and larger claims, which would exhaust the financial resources of the island.

-:—:-

Congressman Lacey of Iowa has introduced a bill in the House providing for the setting aside of a large tract of public land in New Mexico to preserve the prehistoric caves and ruins of the cliff dwellers. Mr. Perea of New Mexico has introduced a bill authorizing the sale of certain New Mexican lands for the benefit of a territorial university.

-:—:-

Fearful that forest fires may ravage the proposed national park in northern Minnesota, Secretary Hitchcock has asked Congress to appropriate a special emergency fund of $750 for the protection of the $5,000,000 worth of timber on the ceded Chippewa Indian reservation.

-:—:-

Representative Sutherland of Nebraska has introduced a resolution for the appointment of a special committee of seven to investigate the whole subject of the government ownership of railroads in Europe as well as in this country, with a view of future legislation upon this subject.

-:—:-

The Navy Department has a report from Rear Admiral Kempff, at Cavite, dated Oct. 15, showing that many small vessels are doing active patrol duty throughout the archipelago.

-:—:-

Lawrence M. Jacobs of the Treasury Department has been appointed statistician of the Philippine Commission, and will proceed to Manila at once.

-:—:-

According to Herbert Putnam, congressional librarian, libraries are growing all out of proportion to librarians. He directs attention to the fact that whereas there are now some 8,000 libraries in the [illegible] there are not more than 500 or [illegible] specially trained librarians.

[illegible] and entertainments incident to the inauguration of President [illegible] will be held in the spacious [illegible] the pension building. Gen. [illegible] of New York will be [illegible] of the inaugural parade.

[illegible] prison [illegible] erment [illegible] the President [illegible] length, with a deserved punis[illegible] you made not through "pull" w[illegible] this morn[illegible] shared in his steali[illegible] soon as was put on trial wa[illegible] He has no just cla[illegible] the habit citizenship. [illegible] as I can [illegible]

If the present management of the Military Academy at West Point isn't strong enough to enforce the regulations against hazing, one should be substituted that will be. While the charge that Cadet Booz died as the result of hazing has not been substantiated, it has been fully proven that hazing of a disgusting and disgraceful nature is practiced among the Cadets. Common decency demands that an end be put to it.

The height of impertinence was reached, and passed, when a Washington correspondent telegraphed his paper how each member of the U. S. Supreme Court, except the Chief Justice, would vote on the cases involving the constitutional status of Porto Rico and the Philippines, the dec[illegible] ion in which will probably not be made for weeks.

Nobody knows, of course, [illegible] the dec[illegible] ion of the Supreme Court will uphold [illegible] constitutionality of President McKinley's policy toward Porto Rico and the Philippines, but the fact that this policy w[illegible] tered upon by the advice of som[illegible] country's ablest legal mind[illegible] probabilities all lean th[illegible] I

Gen. Leonard Wood blenched [illegible] start- denial of the stories [illegible] play of yellow [illegible] only [illegible] afte[illegible]

"...r ...Tired."

The ordinary every-day life of most of our women is a ceaseless treadmill of work.

How much harder the daily tasks become when some derangement of the female organs makes every movement painful and keeps the nervous system all unstrung!

One day she is wretched and utterly miserable; in a day or two she is better and laughs at her fears, thinking there is nothing much the matter after all; but before night the deadly backache reappears, the limbs tremble, the lips twitch—it seems as though all the imps of Satan were clutching her vitals; she goes to pieces and is flat on her back.

No woman ought to arrive at this terrible state of misery, because these symptoms are a sure forerunner of womb troubles. She must remember that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** is almost an infallible cure for all female ills, such as irregularity of periods, which cause weak stomach, sick headache, etc., displacements and inflammation of the womb, or any of the multitudes of illnesses which beset the female organism.

Mrs. Gooden wrote to Mrs. Pinkham when she was in great trouble. Her letter tells the result.

MRS. E. J. GOODEN.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am very grateful to you for your kindness and the interest you have taken in me, and truly believe that your medicines and advice are worth more to a woman than all the doctors in the world. My troubles began with inflammation and hemorrhages from the kidneys, then inflammation, congestion and falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries. I underwent local treatment every day for some time; then, after nearly two months, the doctor gave me permission to go back to work. I went back, but in less than a week was compelled to give up and go to bed. On breaking down the second time, I decided to let doctors and medicines alone and try your remedies. Before the first bottle was gone I felt the effects of it. Three bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and a package of Sanative Wash did me more good than all the doctors' treatments and medicine. I have gained twelve pounds during the last two months and am better in every way. Thanking you for your kind advice and attention, I remain, Yours gratefully,

"MRS. E. J. GOODEN, Ackley, Iowa."

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

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It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSION RATES to Western Canada and particulars as to how to secure 160 acres of the best Wheat growing land on the Continent, can be secured on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the undersigned. Specially conducted excursions will leave St. Paul, Minn., on the 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, and specially low rates on all lines of railway are being quoted for excursions leaving St. Paul on March 28th and April 4th, for Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Write to F. Pedley, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free of cost: C. J. Broughton, 1223 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago; N. Bartholomew, 306 5th St., Des Moines, Iowa; M. V. Mc Innes, No. 2 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.; ... Grieve, Saginaw, Mich.; T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.; E. T. Holmes, Indianapolis, Ind., Agents for the Government of Canada.

Ely's Cream Balm

WILL ...

CATA...

Druggist...

Apply Balm ...

ELY BROS., ...

WANTED ...

AGENTS ...

XMAS ...

AGENT...

Vision of Great Beauty.

The fascinations of a glacier are as witching as they are dangerous. Apostolic vision of a crystal city glorified by light "that never was on land or sea" was not more beautiful than these vast ice rivers, whose onward course is chronicled, not by years and centuries, but by geological ages. With white-domed snow cornices wreathed fantastic as arabesque, and with the glassy walls of emerald grotto reflecting a million sparkling jewels, one might be in some cavernous dream world or among the tottering grandeur of an ancient city. The ice pillars and silvered pinnacles, which scientists call seracs, stand like the sculptured marble temples crumbling to ruin. Glittering pendants hang from the rim of the chasm. Tints too brilliant for brush gleam from the tur... tal walls. Rivers that ... valleys of ice and ... hills of ice, shine ... that is very infin... In the morning ... been stopped by ni... is deathly silen... even the moun... lessly from ... tenuous, wind... the rising of ... world burst... Surface riv... a glee that ... The gurg... subterran...

... was the ... Roman Catholic ... purchase the ... recorded in ... more ... affair really such ... at first thought seem ... red man got what he sorely coveted, steel hatchets and grindstones, glass beads and rum, perhaps muskets and ammunition, while he was apt to reserve sundry rights of catching game and fish.

A struggle was inevitable when the white man's agriculture encroached upon and exhausted the Indian's hunting ground; but other circumstances usually brought it on long before that point was reached. The age of iron superseded the stone age in America by the same law of progress that from time immemorial has been bearing humanity onward from brutal savagery to higher and more perfect life. In the course of it our forefathers certainly ousted and dispossessed the red men, but they did not do it in a spirit of robbery.—Atlantic Monthly.

A High Mark.

The New York Almanac for 1901, issued by Chas. H. Fletcher of New York City, has set a high mark for similar publications during the new century, and shows remarkable enterprise on the part of the publisher when we consider that it is intended solely for free distribution. The numerous publications of this character are usually gotten up with the single idea of cheapness, while the thought of expense has certainly been set aside in the case of the New York Almanac.

The artistic colorings of the cover, the accuracy of its calendars and its fund of information all go to make it well worthy of perusal and preservation. It has innumerable hints for mothers as to the care of children. A unique page is the "Baby's Record" page, which is in blank, to be filled in with baby's name, date of birth, cut first tooth, etc.

The whole is a very creditable piece of work and may be procured at any drug store or direct on request, free.

The Law of the Road.

By the law of the road is meant those rules and regulations established for the control and guidance of persons while using the highway as distinguished from the great body of law concerning roads and streets. In the United States the law of the road requires that persons with vehicles when meeting on the highway shall drive their respective vehicles to the right sufficiently to allow them to pass each other without interference, and when passing another vehicle going in the same direction the driver is required to turn to the left, and the person in front is forbidden to interfere with the one in the rear passing if the road is sufficiently wide for one to pass. This is the general rule throughout the United States, and is usually established by statutes, which vary slightly in their wording. But the same rule prevails in the absence of a statute.

If Coffee Poisons You.

ruins your digestion, makes you nervous and sallow complexioned, keeps you awake nights and acts against your system generally, try Grain-O, the new food drink. It is made of pure selected grain and is healthful, nourishing and appetising. It has none of the bad effects of coffee, yet it is just as pleasant to the taste, and when properly prepared can't be told from the finest coffees. Costs about ¼ as much. It is a healthful table drink for the children and adults. Ask your grocer for Grain-O. 15 and 25c.

A Child's Query.

The recent death of the third Duke of Wellington called to mind memories of the first bearer of this historic title. A pretty story was told at the time of a little girl who witnessed the great Duke's funeral from the windows of Lord Ashburton's house. The child watched the mournful procession pass ... said nothing until the hero's ... appeared, its saddle empty and ... boots reversed in the stirrups ... Mother," queried the little one, ... die will there be nothing ...

... for a copy of ... Confidence in ... shouted down ... whence came the ... Confidence in God ... cardinal heard and ... happened that he was just then in a very pessimistic mood, owing to the apathy, as he thought it, of his clergy about an agitation (of Mr. Stead's) with which he sympathized and they did not. The cardinal took the reply as an intended lesson, and he left Orchard street a wiser and a happier man.

Gowns Made of Wood.

From potato buttons to wooden silk is only a step. Remarkable to relate, wood can be utilized for soft, flowing gowns. Wood pulp silk has long been a staple industry in the St. Etienne district of France. By certain secret chemical processes the pulp is reduced to a sirupy condition. It is then forced into tubes full of tiny holes, through which it emerges in the form of fine silklike threads. These are speedily dried by being passed through a hot atmosphere, and are forthwith wound on bobbins ready to be woven into silk. The appearance of this ... product is said to be so natural ... experts have mistaken it for ... the ... article. It is, of course, ... cheaper.

Steam Vessels.

In the sixteenth century a nonsuccessful Italian genius tried to apply steam to navigation. In 1736 a British patent was taken out for a steamboat. It was 1807 that witnessed Fulton sailing up the Hudson in a boat driven by steam. In 1838 steamships crossed the Atlantic.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

Self-Preservation.

Little girl (who has been disturbed by a mouse, in a stage whisper to her sleeping sister)—Wake up! Oh, wake up and mew. Amy—mew for your life! —Punch.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50-cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

... the Front ...

H... Why ... want to sl...

Wi... wom-an's ... ine.—Syrac...

It ... with PUTNA... Simply boiling yo... dye is all that's necessar... druggists.

Bachelors in the Grand Duchy of Hesse are compelled to pay 25 per cent more taxes than married men.

GOVE...

Uses Pe-ru-na For C...

CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From the Executive Office of Oregon.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

STATE OF OREGON,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SALEM, MAY 9, 1898.

The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Dear Sirs:—I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Pe-ru-na is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, is to cheat catarrh out of its victims. Pe-ru-na not only cures catarrh, but prevents ... Every household should be supplied with ... great remedy for coughs, colds ...

It will be noticed that the Go... not had occasion to use Pe-ru... ments. The reason for this ... ments begin with a cold. ... promptly cure colds, he ... against other ailments. ... every other family in the ... Keep Pe-ru-na in the ... colds, la grippe, and ... winter, and there ... the house. Such ... selves with a co... entitled "Winte... man, Columbu...

Why They Tune Up.

It has often puzzled the uninitiated to give a reason why musicians ... their instruments in public, ... before they enter the orchestra ... tuned their instruments before ... ing the theater or concert ro... temperature is very apt to be ... in the place of performance, a... fore the instruments would ... tune. A piano that is in a c... would get out of tune if the ro... suddenly heated.

BEST FOR THE BOWE...

No matter what ails you, hea... cancer, you will never get well ... bowels are put right. CASCAR... nature, cure you without a gripe ... produce easy natural moveme... you just 10 cents to start gett... health back. CASCARETS C... thartic, the genuine, put up i... boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. ... on it. Beware of imitations.

The Regular Procedure.

First Office Boy—Wot'll yer do ... boss raises yer salary from t'ree to ...

Second Office Boy—Well, I hadn't ... ly decided—'cept dat I'll take up go... Puck.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Influenza Among Alaskan Indians

Influenza is playing havoc with the Indians on the west coast of Alaska.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Whitebait.

Whitebait are the young of herrings, sardines and ling.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

A healthy, definite purpose is a remedy for a thousand ills.—O. S. Marden.

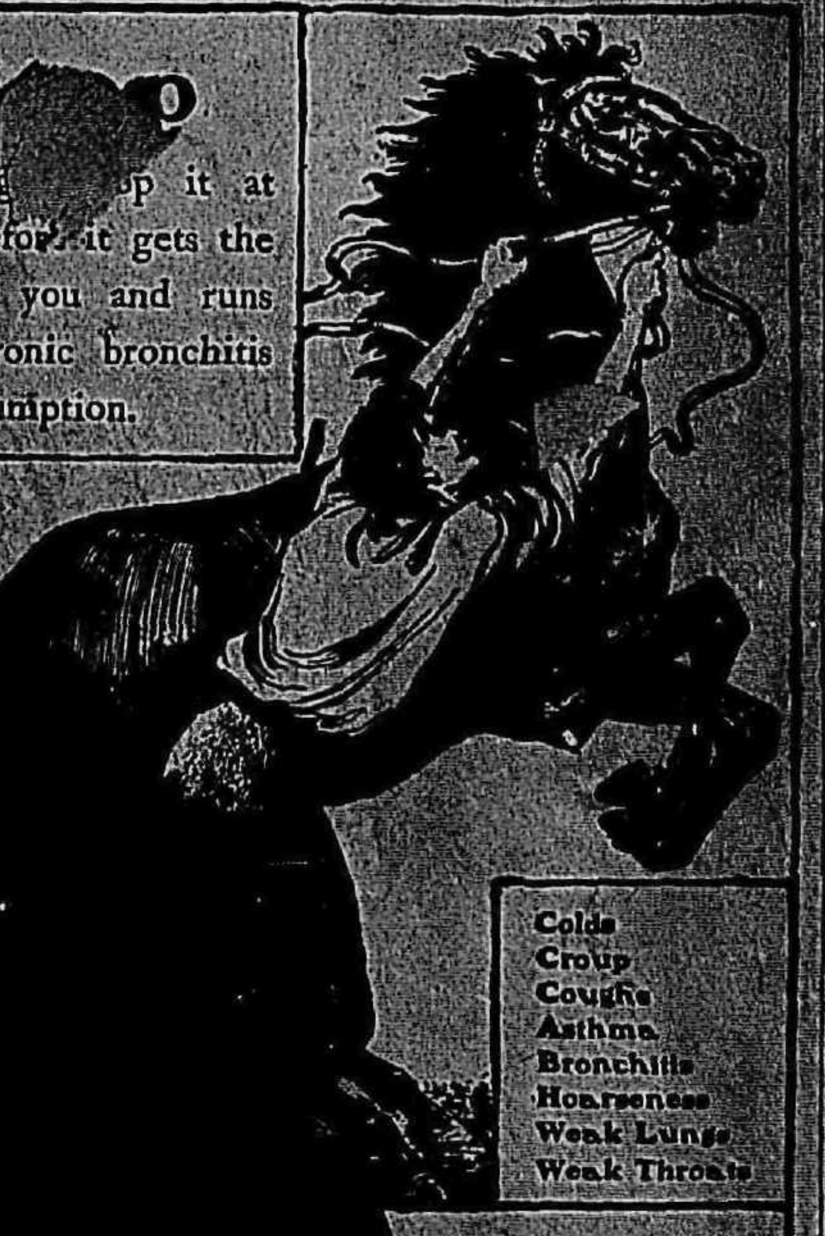
People Cur... them ple...

Hon. R. A. Higgins, 617 S. 9th S...
Miss Lou Sacry, 518 S. East St., ...
W. R. Beebe, Centralia, Ill.
Burt Adams, 811 W. Menomonee St., Belvidere, Ill.
Mrs. J. McDonald, 544 Cooper St., Jackson, Mich.
Henry Grove, 615 Cornelia St., Flint, Mich.
M. H. Rowan, 305 Elizabeth st., Jackson, Mich.
N. D. Nagle, 945 Iowa St., Dubuque, Iowa.
Mrs. A. Orth, 178 Francis St., Dubuque, Iowa.
Elmer Davis, Blacksmith, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores.

JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

Stop coughing ... stop it at once, before it gets the start of you and runs into chronic bronchitis or consumption.



Colds
Croup
Coughs
Asthma
Bronchitis
Hoarseness
Weak Lungs
Weak Throats

...d for a cough

... for a cough

... cough treated with ... been cured. The ... This may seem ... any physician ... this remedy. ... Millwood, Ark.

... Co., Lowell, ...

LIBBY'S

6 Plates of Soup, 10c.

A 10-ct. can of Libby's ... Soup makes six plates of the ... soup you ever tasted.

If there were a way to make soup better, we would learn it—but there isn't.

Oxtail ...
Turtle ...
Chicken ...
Tomato ...

Ready-Made Soups

One can will make you ...

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Write a postal for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

FREE ELECTRIC BELT ...

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

ASTHMA

PATENTS

MILO B. STEVENS & CO., ...
Div. 6, 817—14th Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Branch offices: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit.

SNAPS IN NEBRASKA ... running water; bearing ... trees ... 80 pasture; 40 hay; $12,500. ... acres ... water; produces 1,000 tons of hay; unlimited ... range adjoining; $15,000. Farms and ranches ... per acre and upwards; easy terms. Address ... TRACY & DURLAND, ...

AGENTS It will pay you to investigate our ... of fast sellers. Stamp for large ill... ... Jay ..., Agent's Supply House, ...

In writing to Advertisers, please say ... that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

[illegible] which was [illegible] be settled [illegible] whereab[illegible] m as m[illegible] ou can[illegible] the his h[illegible] prison and the [illegible] ernment told w[illegible] the President [illegible] deserved punis[illegible] through "pull" w[illegible] shared in his steali[illegible] was put on trial wa[illegible] He has no just cla[illegible] citizenship.

If the present management of the Military Academy at West Point isn't strong enough to enforce the regulations against hazing, one should be substituted that will be. While the charge that Cadet Booz died as the result of hazing has not been substantiated, it has been fully proven that hazing of a disgusting and disgraceful nature is practiced among the Cadets. Common decency demands that an end be put to it.

The height of impertinence was reached, and passed, when a Washington correspondent telegraphed his paper how each member of the U. S. Supreme Court, except the Chief Justice, would vote on the cases involving the constitutional status of Porto Rico and the Philippines, the decision in which will probably not be made [illegible] weeks.

Nobody knows, of course, what the decision of the Supreme Court will uphold [illegible] constitutionality of Pr[illegible] policy toward Porto [illegible] pines, br[illegible]

LOCALS

[illegible] as I can nervously [illegible] I'll come [illegible] Donn[illegible]

PATENT MEDICINES [illegible] and many new kinds [illegible] Anti-Cholera for Hogs and Poultry.

Our Own Make [illegible] Sarsaparilla [illegible] Cherry [illegible] Beef, Wine and Iron [illegible]

[illegible] We use the best drugs that we can buy.

CIGARS—the [illegible] still leads.

[illegible]—We have for sale two heaters, one coal and one wood [illegible]

Emmons' Drug Store

[illegible] BLOCK

[illegible] at Sturtevant's [illegible]

[illegible] of Chicago, was in Antioch [illegible] the fore part of the week.

[illegible] Hoye, of Iowa, visited [illegible] this place New Year's day.

[illegible] A highly improved farm [illegible] near Salem, Wis. No [illegible] particulars address [illegible] Antioch, Ill. [illegible]

[illegible] J. N. Cohn [illegible] the Anti[illegible] House [illegible] walking [illegible] several days [illegible] account [illegible] born [illegible]

[illegible] Ringer [illegible] been in the [illegible] of the Deering Harvester Ma[illegible] Co., at Fargo, North Dakota, has [illegible] transferred to Jackson, Mich.

[illegible] or Rent. The Kline house in this [illegible] good house and barn and one [illegible] good well and cis[illegible] Address Frank Kline, Loon Lake, Ill. 17w2*

[illegible] display of pigeons by Mrs. G. [illegible] being [illegible] was [illegible]

[illegible] to work on shares [illegible] and farming [illegible] preferred. Plenty of [illegible] to work. Address T[illegible] Antioch, Ill. 10tf

[illegible] to reduce her stock before [illegible] trade, Miss Addie Shafer will, [illegible] balance of the winter, offer her [illegible] stock of winter millinery below [illegible] Call and see her while the best [illegible] are on hand.

[illegible] new century by making [illegible] practice a resolution [illegible] pay the printer at once [illegible] to pay some of the [illegible] and relieve himself of [illegible] mental anxiety.

[illegible] The farm known [illegible] farm of 78 acres [illegible] Antioch. Posses[illegible] required. For [illegible] Burke, Anti[illegible] H. Tyrrell. [illegible] 8tf

[illegible] duck party last [illegible] Dec. 27. [illegible] and prizes awarded [illegible] first prize [illegible] consolation prize [illegible]

[illegible] Tooker of Lincoln, Neb. [illegible] a caller at our office Monday [illegible] called here to accompany [illegible] of a cousin, Miss Drake [illegible] buried in the cemetery at [illegible] Frank looks hale and [illegible] many Antioch friends were [illegible] pleased to see him.

Closing [illegible] Shoes and Rubbers

In order to [illegible] our stock [illegible] inventory, February 1, [illegible] CLOTHING at a [illegible] cut [illegible] value. We bought [illegible] has not moved [illegible] They must go [illegible] These goods are all [illegible] No shoddy goods [illegible] of the best [illegible] No man [illegible] should buy a garment until they examine our stock and [illegible] our complete line of

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, German Socks and Felts,

are marked down to closing out prices. Many [illegible] per cent below cost. Our shoes are nearly all the celebrated Selz-Schwab & Co.'s goods, which is a guarantee of their quality. The rubber goods are of the famous Wales Goodyear brand, while the socks, felts, etc., are mostly made by the equally well known Mishawauka Woolen Mfg. Co. In any of these goods you are sure of getting good value [illegible] full prices. In this case we make you a Liberal Presents on Every Purchase.

[illegible] concerning [illegible] have no more [illegible] on the ground [illegible] and I promised [illegible]

EVERY CHURCH [illegible]

[illegible] Forward [illegible] With the exception of [illegible] every religious body in [illegible] and England has on hand [illegible] forward scheme [illegible] and set the pace [illegible] United States, brought [illegible] a mockery [illegible]

[illegible] Washington's recent [illegible] commemorative of a [illegible] transfer of the seat [illegible] years ago from Philadelphia [illegible] of the Potomac [illegible] building practically [illegible] entire [illegible] remains, as all save its [illegible] destroyed when the capitol [illegible] President's house, the public [illegible] navy yard and [illegible] Potomac were [illegible]

ALWAYS BEST — **WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" Minnesota Flour** — ALWAYS CHEAPEST

Great Stove Sale.

[illegible] Air Tight Stove [illegible] $3.50, 3.75 [illegible] will save fuel and labor. [illegible] have been having a great sale for [illegible]

[illegible] Coal and Wood Heaters.

[illegible] Ranges.

[illegible] and Cooks.

[illegible]

Skates [illegible] for holiday trade.

We have [illegible] line of [illegible] Axes, [illegible]

Bath [illegible]

Wood and Iron [illegible]

Lead and Iron [illegible]

A Corn Sheller [illegible] thing on your farm. You cannot be without it.

[illegible] now and [illegible] all winter, increase your flow of milk [illegible] your feed.

[illegible] the greatest [illegible] of Knit Goods ever shown here, including [illegible] Black Cat Hosiery, Wool Sweaters, complete line of Underwear. Can recommend them for their value and durability. Don't neglect to examine them closely.

Best Equipped Tin Shop in the County.

Best Goods at Lowest Prices

AT THE

ANTIOCH : DEPARTMENT : STORE

The Best Thing Out

A heavy Duck Coat, double [illegible] Sheep Skin and Wool Lined, only $3.50. Makes you the warmest and cheapest good coat [illegible] water proof you can get, and only $3.00.

New [illegible] of Mackintoshes [illegible] to keep out wind and rain. Buy a mackintosh.

New Sweaters.

The [illegible] line ever shown here.

Heavy Winter Coats, Caps and Slickers.

New Oil Cloth.

New stock, in piece and pattern.

Window Shades—Great stock at popular prices—12, 30c, 50c and 69c.

"Smoke Spotted Beauty," best 5 cent cigars. For sale by R. W. Sturtevant.

The milk train on the Wisconsin Central was nearly three hours late Monday morning, caused from a breakdown near Muckwanago.

For Sale or Rent on easy terms, a small poultry farm 7½ acres. Good buildings, ½ mile from Antioch. Apply [illegible] Antioch [illegible] 17tf

[illegible] A. G. [illegible] but St. Marc moved Jan. [illegible] imperceptible tremor of desired [illegible] instant, and a twinkle [illegible] that was [illegible] Karr, Sec.

Mrs. Dr. Ve[illegible] and family, of Chicago, spent a few days during the past week at their summer home on the island at Lake Marie. The boys hugely enjoyed their ice boat and had a big time on the lake. They returned to the city Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Sturtevant have moved here and occupy the S. M. Spafford house on Lake Avenue. Mr. Sturtevant has opened a bakery in the Chinn block which will be locally known as the Corner Store, where he intends to keep on hand a full line of bakery goods, confectionery, oysters, tobacco, cigars, etc., and will be pleased to have you call on him when you need anything in his line.

As a sure cure for [illegible] Chamberlain's Pain Balm [illegible] wide reputation. D[illegible] ave. Richmond, Ind. [illegible] who gave [illegible] with that [illegible] on, and she was under [illegible] ing of it he [illegible] on that the cook was equal [illegible] with her place. But one thing that [illegible] to the lady's surprise, the Cha[illegible] gave her the usual month's notice.

"What do you want to leave for, Jane?" asked her mistress. "I am very much pleased with you, and I thought you were quite comfortable here."

"Yes, mum, I'm comfortable enough in a way, but——"

The cook hesitated and fidgeted about.

"But what?" queried her mistress.

"Well, mum," she blurted out, "the fact is, the master doesn't seem to appreciate my cookery, and I can't [illegible] a place where my efforts to [illegible] wasted, so I'd rather go, mum."

"But what makes you think your master doesn't appreciate your cookery? Has he ever complained to you?" asked the lady.

"No, mum, but my last master always laid up through over[illegible] said he couldn't help it, so [illegible] my cookery was so delicious [illegible] ter here hasn't been laid up [illegible] the three months I've been [illegible] and that's just what bothers [illegible] mum."—Boston Traveler.

Women [illegible]

Among the black [illegible] roos in western Australia [illegible] women. It is a profession [illegible] and there are about 12[illegible] make it their regular bu[illegible] and capture the animals.

[illegible] a few [illegible] not some [illegible] ny?" St. Marc, [illegible] hat I have [illegible] hide from [illegible] Tudel is a [illegible] first fire. If There is one [illegible] write. I may promised; but [illegible] down here [illegible] to write as [illegible] ire and [illegible] for a [illegible] andle, he [illegible] commenced [illegible] dly, but he anticipated [illegible] length, and [illegible] it carefully [illegible] ay. Then he [illegible] For Martin [illegible] then placed [illegible] velvet doub[illegible] companion.

them, although w[illegible] proper credit and keep our list correct [illegible] and we would thank you to call [illegible] attention to any errors that may [illegible] been made [illegible] paper [illegible] have [illegible] proper credit [illegible] arrears please [illegible] the date on [illegible] subscription [illegible] make this as a personal [illegible] our readers in arrears [illegible] money due us.

[illegible] the regular [illegible] of Ho[illegible] of officers [illegible]

[illegible] was [illegible] a dispensation having [illegible] some authorizing it at this unusual hour.

Episcopalians and Lutherans.

Episcopalians and Lutherans are not making much of the new century coming. The former will make much of the approaching Lent, not alone in a religious sense, but also in the Sunday schools [illegible] more services than ever before [illegible] children in the school [illegible] will push their combined offerings for missions beyond the $100,000 limit, a mark which they have had for several years, but have never yet reached. The new Brotherhood of St. Andrew [illegible] dent is trying to put new life into the organization, and a part of the plan is [illegible] holding [illegible] national convention next [illegible] Lutherans are getting ready to [illegible] much formality [illegible] birth of Dr. Martin [illegible] talk of founding [illegible] memorial [illegible] 1917.

[illegible] Endeavorers [illegible] by [illegible] during 1901 [illegible] in July as [illegible]

Notice.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Lake Villa [illegible] meet with Mrs. Charles Hamlaugh on [illegible] afternoon, Jan. 9. Everyone [illegible] to attend. Mrs. Joseph [illegible] Secretary.

[illegible] friends who [illegible] orange box [illegible] and nailed [illegible] barbed wire across [illegible] grating and promptly [illegible] they are [illegible] and have [illegible] neighborhood as book money [illegible] The [illegible] they rescued the [illegible] solicitude with which [illegible] and fed the birds, though [illegible] of saving up some [illegible] have impressed [illegible] the show the [illegible] But [illegible] with the [illegible] his [illegible] qualified his [illegible] pencil, without [illegible] his [illegible]

Little seemed [illegible] invasion of [illegible] residents of the [illegible] arm en masse [illegible] making [illegible] Kitchener's [illegible] turning them [illegible] pursued the [illegible] Milburn [illegible] abandon [illegible] In the Orange [illegible] Saturday [illegible] generals are [illegible] to capture [illegible] to be cornered [illegible] of Thaba N'Chu [illegible] the territory [illegible] are reported [illegible] to hold [illegible]

[illegible] Lord Kitchener [illegible]

Administrator's [illegible]

State of Illinois, [illegible] Lake County. [illegible] 1900.

[illegible] heirs of [illegible]

Banquet to Gen. Howard.

Gen. O. O. Howard's birthday, the [illegible] November, was observed by his New York friends, who gave in his honor a large banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria. On the committee of arrangements were, among others, Colonel [illegible] Adams, Granville M. Dodge, [illegible] Tracy, Bishop Potter and [illegible] Rose.

[illegible]

[illegible] at the Swiss [illegible] this winter there will be [illegible] women. Mme. Tumarkin [illegible] at [illegible]

[illegible] works of the [illegible] of the total number [illegible]

[illegible] REVIV[illegible]

[illegible] Jacobs [illegible] has been [illegible] the Philippine C[illegible] proceed to Manila a[illegible]

According to Herbert P[illegible] national librarian, libraries [illegible] out of proportion to libr[illegible] rects attention to the fa[illegible] there are now some 8,000 l[illegible] there are not more [illegible] specially trained libr[illegible]

[illegible] entertainment [illegible] inauguration of [illegible] McKinley will be held in the [illegible] building [illegible] of New Y[illegible] of the inaugural [illegible]